



aerospace
climate control
electromechanical
filtration
fluid & gas handling
hydraulics
pneumatics
process control
sealing & shielding





Gas and Sample Filtration

For process Gas and On-Line Analysis





Parker Hannifin - Filtration and Separation

Compressed Air Treatment

Superior protection from the damaging and costly effects of oil, water and dirt...

- Filter elements that offer both market leading performance and efficiency and are environmentally friendly in their manufacture and disposal.
- Housings ranging from 1/4" to DN200" coded vessels, together with a full range of drain and differential pressure gauge options.
- A wide range of filtration efficiencies to provide the exact filtration that's required. From bulk water separation through to bacteria removal for sterile air.
- Innovative membrane air dryers that provide clean dry air with dew points down to -40°C, without any moving parts or the requirement for additional power.
- The inherent advantages of Parker filter elements are available in a range of filter elements sized to fit other manufacturers housings, offering the opportunity to upgrade to a Parker filter.

Gas Filtration

Filtration for sampling systems, analyser applications and process gases providing protection - pure and simple...

- Remove liquids and solids from gases with up to 99.9999+% efficiency at $0.01 \mu m$.
- Specially configured filter media for applications such as carbon dioxide purification, alternative fuels and steam filtration.
- Temperature resistance to 538°C and a maximum pressure of 345 barg.
- Low pressure drop and a long life between filter element changes.

On-Site Nitrogen Generators

Nitrogen is the most widely used gas in industry since it can prevent the risk of explosion or stop product degradation. Nitrogen is being used in new and exciting applications such as tyre filling for cars, motorcycles and trucks...

- Parker's proprietary hollow fibre membrane technology simply and elegantly separates nitrogen from compressed air.
- Generators such as the NitroSource will provide a supply of nitrogen from house compressed air, whilst units such as the Micro provide a plug-and-play solution with the inclusion of an integrated compressor.

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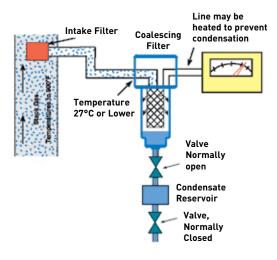
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Understanding Gas Filtration

The filtration of gases is important in a vast range of applicastions, yet only three main mechanisms are involved, either on their own, or in combination.

Coalescing

Stack Gas Sampling



Here, unwanted contaminants in the liquid phase are removed by flowing the gas through the walls of a filter tube, normally constructed as a glass fibre matrix.

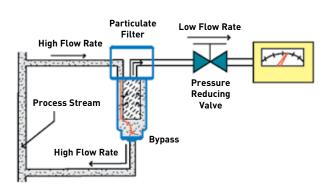
Inside to outside flow causes collision between the liquid droplets and the matrix, causing them to coalesce into larger droplets which flow down the outside of the tube to be drained away. If the gas stream contains only liquid contaminants, with no solids present, then the filter tube life is theoretically infinite.

In practice, however, it is the presence of particulates which will cause the eventual increase in the pressure drop across the filter which dictates the filter element's life. It is also important to remember that although liquids are removed as droplets, further condensation can take place downstream of the filter if there is a decrease in temperature. Parker coalescing filters are designed for long life, combining high coalescing efficiency with good particulate handling capacity.

When choosing coalescing filters, it is important to size the housings correctly for the flow and pressure involved. This is to ensure that the housing material is compatible with the gas being filtered, the maximum working pressure to be encountered and the temperature of the gas.

Intercepting - Particulate Removal

Slipstream or By-pass Sampling



Contaminants in the solid phase are generally removed using combinations of depth or surface filters, often connected in series, starting with coarse particle removal and finishing with fine particle removal. Parker BX grade filters can remove 99.99% of 0.01 micron particles, whilst SA grades can remove 99.9999+%.

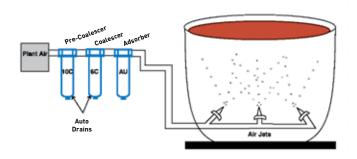
Choosing filter media and housings will depend on the anticipated particulate loading, flow, temperature, pressure and the compatibility of the gas with the housings.

For example, Parker model 97S6 model 316 stainless steel housings are rated at pressures up to 345 barg and temperatures up to 204°C.



Adsorption - Vapour Removal

Air Mixing



Unwanted vapours in the gas stream can be selectively removed using Parker adsorbant cartridges.

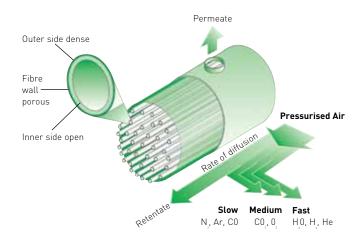
Vapours such as water, hydrocarbons, sulphur compounds and ammonia can all be removed using Parker cartridges specifically developed for the purpose.

The adsorption process can either be physical (as with water vapour removal), or chemical (sulphur compounds and ammonia). In either case, filter cartridge life is directly dependent on the level of vapour contaminants present. Often these are present in trace amounts, resulting in long cartridge life.



Other Separation Mechanisms

Gas Separation Membrane





Parker has other useful technologies for gas treatment – generally developed for compressed air. These include drying (dew point suppression) using membrane technology (see catalogue S3.2.111), and membrane gas separation of air into nitrogen and oxygen. (see catalogue K3.1.075)

Depth Filter Media

Filter housings used with these media

9922-05; 9933-05; 9922-11; 9933-11; 8833-11; 90; 7700-12; 58P; 53/18; 53/50; 54/50; A98/11; A39/12; 105S6; 91S6; 95M; 95S6; 95A; 95T; 97S6; 30/12; 30/25; 91S6; 31G; 41G; 31S6; 41S6; 33G; 33S6; 45G; 45S6; EU27/35; EU27/35-3000; EU27/80; EU27/80-3000; 15/80S6; EU85; EU37/12; EU37/25; 58N; 38/12; 38/25; A23/75SR; A23/75R; SP3/75SR; SP4-23/75SR; SP6-23/75SR; 6000 series; A34; A33B; A45; A27/35B; A27/80B.

Media Specifications

 $Microfibre\ Filter\ Cartridges \qquad \qquad Efficiency\ at\ 0.01 \mu m$

 Grades DX, DQ, DH, DS
 93%

 Grades BX, BQ, BH, BS
 99.999%

 Grades AQ, AH, AS
 99.9999%

 Grades AAQ, AAH, AAS
 99.9999+%

Media Models

X-Model Elements: This new innovation in filter media from Parker reduces the cost of filtration by significantly lowering the pressure drop across the media. Used for solids and relatively large amounts of suspended liquids in gases. Excellent chemical resistance, temperature resistance to 150°C and good mechanical handling properties. These cartridges have thick walls for improved coalescing efficiency. Fluorocarbon resin binder.

Q-Model Elements: Used for solids and small amounts of liquids in gases. Similar to X-Model Cartridges in chemical and temperature resistance. Fluorocarbon resin binder.

H-Model Elements: Recommended for oxygen service temperatures above 290°C or when X-Model or Q-Model are unsuitable. H-Model cartridges have temperature resistance to 480°C in dry gas, 38°C in liquid. Quartz construction.

S-Model Elements: For temperatures above 150°C and below 290°C. Similar in performance to the Q-Model. PTFE binder.

R-Model and SR-Model Elements: For steam filtration, the R-Model is suitable for hospital sterilisers and the SR-Model is used in food industry applications and other applications that require a higher pressure.

GS Membrane Elements: Final filter for low flow in critical applications where $0.01\mu m$ filtration is required.

000-Model: Activated carbon adsorber for most C4 and heavier hydrocarbons, ketones, alcohols, ethers, organic acids, chlorinated freons, aromatic hydrocarbons and carbon disulphide.

101-Model: Silica gel adsorber for water vapour

102-Model: 4A molecular sieve adsorber for carbon dioxide, ammonia, sulphur dioxide, hydrogen sulphide, acetylene, propylene, methane, ethane, water vapour, ethylene, ethylene oxide and carbon disulphide.

103-Model: 13X molecular sieve adsorber for all materials adsorbed by - 102 plus: methanol, straight chain mercaptans, freon 11, freon 12, freon 114, sulphur hexafluoride, cyclohexane, diphenyl, butene-1, isopentane, benzene, toluene, xylene, boron trifluoride, triethylamine and smaller amines, straight chain hydrocarbons to C22, alkenes to C4 and acetylene.

105-Model: Calgon HGR adsorber for mercury vapour.

107-Model: Mixed sodium and calcium hydroxides adsorber for all acidic gases, including sulphur dioxide, sulphur trioxide, nitrogen dioxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen sulphide, sulphur hydrogen chloride, hydrogen chloride.

To calculate the absorbent life of an application, please consult the Parker Technical Support team referencing 'K.3.2.147 -Calculation of Absorbent cartridge'.

Liquid Filtration

Microfibre Filter Cartridges	(98% retention)	LP Cartridges	(80% retention)
Grades DX, DQ, DH, DS	25μm	Grade 10	75μm
Grades BX, BQ, BH, BS	2μm	Grade 20	25μm
Grades AQ, AH, AS	0.9µm	Grade 30	10μm
Grades AAQ, AAH, AAS	0.3µm	Grade 50	1μm

LP Elements: Designed to filter liquids with high solids content. Have an integral pre-filter and an external support structure (flow direction is inside-to-outside).

Filter housings used with these media

Q1S; Q5S; H1S; H5S; Q15N; Q2N; ILN; IKN; P1N; FFC-116; FFC-112; FFC-112; FFC-110; FFC-110L; FFC-113; FFC-114; FFC-116.

Media Specifications

Grade Designation	Coalescing Efficiency 0.3 to 0.6 Micron Particles	Coalescing Filters - C, QU, H Oil Maximum Carryover™ PPM	Particulate Filters- G, S, T, 3PU Micron Rating	Pressure® Drop (bar)@Rated Flow Media Dry	Pressure [®] Drop (bar)@Rated Flow Media Wet
$AU^{(2)}$	99%+	N/A	N/A	0.07	-
100WS	N/A	N/A	100N	0.02	-
4	99.995%	0.003	0.01	0.09	0.25
6	99.97%	0.008	0.01	0.07	0.2
7CVP	99.5%	0.09	0.5	0.02	0.04
10	95%	0.85	0.7	0.03	0.03
3 PU	N/A	N/A	3.0	0.02	-

Notes

- 1 Tested per BCAS 860900 at 40 ppm inlet.
- 2 Oil vapour removal efficiency is given for AU media.
- 3 Models C, QU and H flow is inside to out. Models G, S, T, 3PU, AU flow is outside to in.
- 4 Grades 2, 4 and 6 are 0.01 micron filters.
- 5 Add dry and Wet for total pressure drop

Media Models

Flow 100WS (C, QU, H, 7CVP) - Inside to Out

100WS Reduction of excess liquids in gas stream. Excellent prefilter for grades 10C and 6C.

- Coalescing element composed of an epoxy saturated, borosilicate glass micro-fibre tube with intimate interlocking contact with rigid seamless retainer. Surrounded by a coarse fibre drain layer, retained by a synthetic fabric safety layer replaces epoxy.
- QU Coalescing element with the same configuration as "C" tube, but with "3P" model pleated cellulose prefilter built-in. Includes molded polyurethane end seals.
- **H** Coalescing element similar to model "C" however no rigid retainer is used. Typically for lower pressure or higher temperature applications.
- **7CVP** High efficiency and very low pressure drop makes this pleated coalescing media an excellent choice for medium efficiency applications.

Flow (G. T. 3PU, AU) - Outside to In

- G Particulate removal element constructed of the same fibre matrix as model "C" but with no rigid retainer or drain layer.
- T Particulate removal element like "G" tube, except fluorocarbon saturant replaces epoxy
- **3PU** Pleated cellulose particulate removal element. Includes molded polyurethane end seals.
- **AU** Hydrocarbon vapour removal element. Ultrafine grained, highly concentrated, activated carbon sheet media. Includes molded polyurethane end seals.

Stainless Steel Mesh Filter Media

Features

Long element life
Re-usable
Rugged element design
All 316 Stainless Steel construction
Temperature to 250°C
Pressure to 345 barg

Three standard efficiency ratings from 1.5 to 15 microns nominal, 5 to 25 microns absolute (others available) and three standard sizes are available. SSC cartridges are re-usable and may be cleaned using back flushing, chemical or ultrasonic methods. Therefore they are especially suited to applications



where solid contamination levels are high. Their rugged construction and resistance to corrosion can be utilised in the most demanding applications, where the filter system is subjected to extremes of pressure and temperature.

Flow Rates

Air Flow Rates in m3/h at indicated line pressure and 0.1 barg pressure drop											
Housing	Elements Grade		Air Pressure barg								
Housing	Elements Grade	0.1	1	2	4	7	10	16	100	200	340
95S6	03	2.5	4.5	6.7	11.0	18.0	25.0	38.0	225.0	450.1	765.
85	10	5.1	9.3	14.0	23.0	37.0	51.0	79.0	470.0	940.1	1,590.
	25	6.1	11.0	17.0	28.0	45.0	61.0	95.0	560.0	1,120.1	1,900.
3356	03	4.8	9.0	13.0	22.0	35.0	48.0	75.0	440.0	880.1	
37/12	10	8.5	16.0	23.0	39.0	62.0	85.0	130	780.0	1,560.1	
33G	25	10.0	18.0	27.0	44.0	71.0	97.0	150.0	890.1	1,780.1	
45S6	03	9.0	17.0	25.0	42.0	67.0	92.0	140.0	840.1	1,680.1	
45S6	03	9.0	17.0	25.0	42.0	67.0	92.0	140.0	840.1	1,680.1	
45G	25	12.0	21.0	32.0	53.0	84.0	115.0	180.0	1,060.1	2,120.2	

Principal Specifications

Cartridge Code	SSC-050-11-XX	SSC-100-12-XX	SSC-100-25-XX
Material of Construction	316 SS	316 SS	316 SS
Seals	Viton	Viton	Viton
Maximum Differential Pressure barg (2)	10	10	10
Maximum Differential Pressure barg (3)	1	1	1

Gas Filtration Efficiency

Micron Rating Code	100% Retention µm size	98% Retention µm size
-03	5	1.5
-10	12	5
-25	25	15

Water Filtration Efficiency

Micron Rating Code	100% Retention μm size	98% Retention µm size
-03	9	3
-10	20	10
-25	35	25

Principal Specifications SSC Filter Cartridges are specially designed to fit Balston stainless steel housings to give an all stainless steel filter system.

Cartridge Code Fits	Housing Codes
SSC-050-11-XX	95S6; 85
SSC-100-12-XX	EU37/12; 33S6; 33G
SSC-100-25-XX	EU37/25; 45S6; 45G

Notes

- Alternative seals in PTFE are available. Contact Technical Support
- 2 Out-to-In flow
- 3 In-to-Out flow e.g. when back flushing Viton*, is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.

Stainless Steel Sintered Metal Filter

Features

Remove solids and liquids from gas samples
Remove solids from liquid samples
Filtration efficiencies from 5-100 micron
316L stainless steel construction
Long life, cleanable filter cartridges
Temperature resistance to 200°C
Up to 14 barg (differential pressure)

Advantages

The Parker stainless steel sintered metal filter is suitable for applications which require a durable, low maintenance re-usable stainless steel filter. The filter cartridge is constructed of 316 stainless steel with two molded viton gaskets. It may be installed in select Parker filter housings that are designed to accommodate a 050-11,100-12 or 100-25 size filter cartridge.



Parker stainless steel sintered metal filters may be used in liquid or gas service, to filter particulate sized from 5 micron to 100 micron - depending on the grade of the filter used. The Parker stainless steel sintered metal filter has excellent chemical resistance characteristics.

Flow Rates (m³/h)

Filter Housing Model	Filter Size	Filter Cartridge Grade	Max Porosity (Micron)	0.3 barg	1.3 barg	2.8 barg	4.1 barg	5.5 barg	6.9 barg	8.6 barg	11.0 barg	13.8 barg	17.2 barg	20.7 barg	34.5 barg
95	050-11	05M	5	1.4	2.7	4.4	6.1	7.5	9.2	11.2	13.3	17.0	20.4	25.5	40.8
85 Series		10M	10	2.0	4.1	6.6	9.2	11.2	13.8	16.8	20.4	25.5	32.3	37.4	61.2
91		20M	20	1.6	3.2	5.2	7.2	8.8	11	13	16	20	25	30	48
		40M	40	4.1	8.2	13.3	18.7	22.1	27.2	34.0	39.1	52.7	62.9	74.8	124.0
		70M	70	5.8	11.6	18.7	25.5	32.3	39.1	47.6	56.1	73.1	90.0	107.0	175.0
		M00	100	7.5	15.0	23.8	34.0	40.8	51.0	61.2	73.1	95.1	115.5	137.6	226.0
3156	100-12	05M	5	4.1	8.8	13.6	18.7	23.8	28.9	35.7	40.8	54.4	66.3	79.9	129.1
3356		10M	10	6.1	13.3	20.4	28.9	35.7	44.2	52.7	62.9	81.6	117.2	118.9	193.7
31G		20M	20	8.2	17.0	27.2	37.4	47.6	57.8	70.0	83.3	108.7	132.5	158.0	258.2
33G		40M	40	12.2	27.2	40.8	56.1	71.4	86.6	105.3	124.0	161.4	200.5	237.9	389.1
		70M	70	17.0	37.4	57.8	79.9	101.9	122.3	149.5	176.7	229.4	283.7	336.4	550.5
		00M	100	22.1	49.3	74.8	103.6	130.8	159.7	192.0	227.7	297.3	367.0	434.9	711.9
4156	100-25	05M	5	5.8	12.2	18.7	27.2	34.0	40.8	49.3	57.8	76.5	93.4	112.1	183.5
4556		10M	10	8.7	17.7	28.9	39.1	51.0	61.2	74.8	88.3	115.5	141.0	168.2	273.5
41G		20M	20	11.6	23.8	39.1	52.7	68.0	81.6	98.5	117.2	152.9	188.6	224.3	365.3
45G		40M	40	17.0	37.4	57.8	79.9	100.2	122.3	149.5	175.0	229.4	282.0	334.7	548.8
37/25		70M	70	23.8	52.7	81.6	112.1	142.7	173.3	210.7	248.1	324.5	399.3	475.7	776.4
		00M	100	32.3	68.0	107.0	146.1	185.2	224.3	237.5	321.1	421.4	518.2	615.0	1,005.8

Principal Specifications

Filter Efficiency	5 micron to 100 micron (nominal) in gas and liquid
Materials of Construction	316L Stainless Steel Cartridge, Viton Gasket
Maximum Temperature	200°C
Maximum Pressure Drop	14 barg

Dimensions (including gaskets)

050-11 size	19 x 58 mm
100-12 size	31 x 63 mm
100-25 size	31 x 177 mm
Shipping Weight	0.2 kg

Principal Specifications

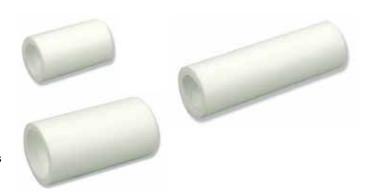
	050-11 Size	100-12 Size	100-25 Size	
Sintered Metal Filter	050-11-()	100-12-[]	100-25-()	Example: 100-12-40M
Replacement Viton Gaskets	A05-0045	A05-0046	A05-0047	

Viton*, is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.

Membrane Filter Media

0.01 µm Membrane Filters

The GS Membrane Cartridges represent state-of-the-art membrane filtration technology. An integral pre-filter, bonded to a porous PTFE membrane, provides the user with extended membrane life, 0.01µm filtration rating and, most importantly, zero fibre shedding. The Balston GS Membrane filter also offers excellent chemical compatibility as a result of the inert materials of construction. All of these features combine to make the Balston GS cartridges the ideal choice for critical process gas filtration requirements.



Retention Efficiency

A staff research scientist at M.I.T., Dr. McCarthy used a submicron particle detection and sizing device to collect and analyse the filter efficiency data. The test procedure consisted of challenging the membrane filter with a sodium chloride aerosol solution, which contained aerosol particles in a narrowly defined size range. Downstream from the filter, the effluent gas was evaluated for particulate contaminant size using a condensation nucleus counter. There was no detectable penetration of $0.01~\mu m$ particles through the membrane filters. Bulletin TI-834 details the efficiency rating procedure and experimental results of this study.

GS Membrane cartridges physical properties, Temperature Range: -40 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 121 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Maximum pressure differential across membrane, Inside-to-outside flow: 4.1 bar (size code 050), 1.4 bar (size code 100 and 200)

Materials of construction: Borosilicate glass with fluorocarbon resin binder pre-filter and PTFE membrane

Retention efficiency: $0.01~\mu m$

Chemical Compatibility

The GS Series Membrane Filter cartridges are compatible with the following gases

(when installed in a stainless steel filter housing with Teflon seals).

Ammonia Air (Compressed)
Arsine Boron Trichloride
Carbon Tetrafluoride Chlorine (dry)
Dichlorosilane Fluorine (dry)
Helium Hydrogen
Methylene Chloride Nitrogen
Phosphorous Oxychloride (dry) Phosphine

Argon Carbon Dioxide Diborane Freon Hydrogen Bromide

Hydrogen Bromide Nitrous Oxide Silane

Ordering information

Model	No. Required	Box of 3	Box of 10
9756	1	GS-3/050-05-95	GS-050-05-95
9156	1	GS-3/050-11-95	GS-050-11-95
9556	1	GS-3/050-11-95	GS-050-11-95
95T	1	GS-3/050-11-95	GS-050-11-95
3156, 3356	1	GS-3/100-12-95	GS-100-12-95
4156, 4556	1	GS-3/100-25-95	GS-100-25-95

Chemical Compatibility and Application Index

Chemical		X-Model or Q-Model with Flurocarbon Resin Binder	H-Model with Quartz Construction	LP Cartridge with Polypropylene Support
Cold Water		Excellent	Fair	Excellent
Hot Water (to 820°C)		Excellent	Not Recommended	Not Recommended
Steam (to 1.4 barg		Excellent	Not Recommended	Not Recommended
Acids (except Hydrofluoric)	Dilute Concentrations	Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
	Intermediate concentrations	Excellent	Excellent	Good
	Concentrated (except Phosphoric)	Good-Fair	Excellent	Not Recommended
Concentrated Phosphoric		Not Recommended	Not Recommended	Not Recommended
Hydrofluoric		Not Recommended	Not Recommended	Not Recommended
Caustic, below 45%		Excellent	Not Recommended	Fair
Caustic, above 45%		Fair	Not Recommended	Not Recommended
Chlorine (liquid or gas)		Excellent	Excellent	Not Recommended
Ammonia (liquid or gas)		Not Recommended	Not Recommended	Fair
Aromatic Hydrocarbons		Excellent	Excellent	Good
All other Hydrocarbons		Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
Ketones		Not Recommended	Excellent	Fair
Alcohols		Excellent	Excellent	Excellent
Freons		Excellent	Excellent	Not Recommended
Phenol		Excellent	Excellent	Not Recommended
Chlorinated Solvents		Excellent	Excellent	Fair
Ethylene Diamine		Excellent	Excellent	Not Recommended
Ethanolamine		Not Recommended	Excellent	Not Recommended
Other Amines		Good-Fair	Excellent	Not Recommended
Polar Solvents (including: DMF, DMAC, NMP, DMSO)		Not Recommended	Excellent	Not Recommended

Operating Requirement	Filter Cartridge Model	Stainless Steel (or Monel) Housing	Plastic Housing
Pressure 176 To 340 barg	All	91S6, 97S6, 95M, 85, EU37/12, EU37/25, EU27/35, EU27/80, 95S6	-
Temperature 150° to 290°C	S, H	Any stainless steel or Monel housing with Viton seals	-
Temperature 290° to 480°C	Н	30/12, 30/25	-
Exceptional Chemical Resistance	See above	95M	9922-□-□, 8822-□-□, 95T
NACE Compliance	All	95S6, 85, EU37/12, EU37/25, EU27/35, EU27/80	-
Separate Liquids From Gases	X, Q	All housings except 97S6, 30/12, 30/25	8822-11-□, 8833-11-□, 95T
Remove Gas Bubbles From Liquids	X, Q	All housings except 97S6, 30/12, 30/25	8822-11-□, 95T
Quantitative Measurement Of Solids in Gases	H, Q, S	30/12, 30/25	-
Slipstream Or By-pass Filtration	X, Q, LP, S	All housings except 97S6, 30/12, 30/25	8822-11-口, 95T, 53/18, 53/50
Filter Liquids With High Solids Content	LP	All housings	All housings
Filter Gas Or Liquid Samples To Analysers	X, Q, LP, S	All housings	9933-05-🗀, 9922-05-🗀,90

Gas Flow Rates

		Volume of	Filter Element		*Fl	ow Rates,m ⁵	³ /h, At 0.14	Drop At Indic	ated Line Pr	essure, bar	g.		
Filter Housing	Page	Housing (ml)	Grade	0.14	1.4	3	4	6	7	9	10	14	17
9922-05			DQ	2.0	4.2	6.6	9.1	11.6	14.1	17.2			
9933-05	16	15	BQ	1.4	2.7	4.4	5.9	7.6	9.2	11.2			
			GS	0.8	1.7		2.5		3.4	3.7			
8822-11	16	52	DX	3.1	6.1	10.2	13.6	17.0	20.4	24.8			
9933-11	16	35	BX	1.5	3.1	5.1	6.8	8.5	10.2	12.4			
9922-11	10	33	GS	0.8	1.7		2.9		3.7	3.9			
97S6	26	16	DQ	5.1	11.9	17.0	23.8	30.6	37.4	45.9	54.4	69.7	86.6
	20	10	BQ	1.5	3.1	5.1	6.8	8.5	10.2	11.9	15.3	18.7	23.8
95M	25	25	DQ	6.6	13.6	22.1	30.6	37.4	45.9	56.1	66.3	86.6	105.3
95S6			BQ	2.6	5.1	8.5	11.9	13.6	17.0	20.4	23.8	32.3	39.1
95T			GS	0.8	1.7		3.1		4.2	4.8	5.1	5.8	
91S6	26	38											
47S6	31	23											
48S6	31	23	DQ	4.2	17.0	27.2	39.1	47.6	56.1	68.0	79.9	103.6	127.4
			BQ	3.4	8.5	13.6	15.3	17.0	18.7	22.1	27.2	34.0	42.5
85	30	53	DX	10.0	20.4	33.1	44.2	54.4	69.7	84.9	98.5	129.1	156.3
			BX	3.7	7.8	13.1	14.7	20.4	25.5	30.6	37.4	47.6	57.8
31S6	27	132	DQ / DX	17.0	37.4	59.5	81.5	103.6	125.7	152.9	181.8	237.8	292.2
31G			BQ / BX	3.4	10.2	15.3	20.4	27.2	34.0	40.8	49.3	62.9	78.1
000/	00	201	GS	1.7	3.6	10.0	7.8	110.0	11.9	13.1	14.3	16.3	200.0
3356	28	204	DX	20.4	44.2	68.0	93.4	118.9	144.4	175.0	207.3	270.1	333.0
33G	00	484	DV.	F.4	44.0	45.0	00.0	00.4	05.4	/F 0	F	(O.F.	0//
EU37/12	30	171	BX	5.1	11.9	17.0	23.8	30.6	37.4	45.9	54.4	69.7	86.6
30/12	26	107	GS	1.7	3.6	27.5	7.8	100 F	11.9	13.1	14.3	16.3	080 /
49S6	31	165	DQ BQ	22.1	47.6	76.5 35.7	103.6	132.5 59.5	159.7	195.4	229.4 105.3	300.7	370.4 169.9
41S6	27	285	DQ / DX	10.2 25.5	22.1 54.4	84.9	47.6 117.2	147.8	73.1 180.1	90.0	258.2	137.6 338.1	416.2
4150 41G	21	200	BQ / BX	11.9	25.5	40.8	54.4	69.0	84.9	103.6	122.3	158.0	195.0
416			GS	5.1	10.2	40.0	22.1	67.0	34.0	37.4	40.8	46.6	173.0
30/25		260	DQ / DX	28.9	61.2	96.8	132.5	168.2	203.9	248.0	292.2	382.2	470.6
45\$6	28	455	DQ / DX	20.7	01.2	70.0	102.0	100.2	200.7	240.0	272.2	302.2	470.0
45G	28	455	BQ / BX	13.6	28.9	44.2	61.2	76.4	93.4	113.8	134.2	175.0	215.8
EU37/25	30	328	GS	5.1	10.2	44.2	22.1	70.4	34.0	37.4	40.8	46.6	210.0
EU27/35	29	1,867	DX	68.0	141.0	220.8	302.4	382.2	463.8	564.0	665.9	866.4	1068.6
		1,221	BX	32.3	66.3	105.3	142.7	181.8	219.2	266.7	314.3	409.4	504.6
EU27/80	29	3311	DX	73.1	152.9	241.2	327.9	416.2	504.6	615.0	723.7	942.9	1162.0
			BX	47.6	100.2	158.0	215.8	273.5	331.3	402.6	475.7	620.1	762.8
15/80S6	29	4700	DX	271.8	565.8	892.0	1218.2	1542.7	1868.9	2276.7	2684.4	3500.0	4315.5
			BX	76.5	159.7	251.5	343.2	434.9	526.7	642.2	756.1	985.4	1214.8
	24	40	4	1.3	2.9	4.6	6.2	7.8	9.5	11.6	13.6	17.8	21.9
040 050 140 150			6	1.8	3.9	6.1	8.2	10.5	12.7	15.4	18.2	23.8	29.2
Q1S, Q5S, H1S, H5S			10	3.1	6.7	10.6	14.2	18.1	22.0	26.7	31.5	41.2	50.7
			AU	1.8	3.9	6.1	8.2	10.5	12.7	15.4	18.2	23.8	29.2
	23	40	2	4	5.0	10.9	17.2	23.0	29.3	35.6	43.3		
OJENI OONI			6	6.7	14.5	23.0	30.8	39.2	47.6	57.9			
Q15N, Q2N			10	12.9	28.0	44.2	59.3	75.5	91.7	111.5			
			AU	6.7	14.5	23.0	30.8	39.2	47.6	57.9			
			4	1.1	2.4	3.8							
ILN, IKN	15	40	6	1.5	3.2	5.0							
			10	2.0	4.4	7.0							
			2			7	10		14				
			4			10	14		19				
P1N	24	210	6			14	19		26				
			8			17	22		39				
			10			20	26		34				

^{*}Line pressure is indicated in barg

		Refer to I	Product spe	cification Ch	iarts For Ma.	Alliulii Fi es	Sure or Eaci	1 Housing				Filter
21	35	52	69	103	138	172	207	241	276	310	345	Housing
												9922-05
												9933-05
												8822-11
												9933-11
												9922-11
101.9	168.2	249.7	331.3	492.7	655.8	818.8	981.9	1145.0	1308.1	1505.2	1634.3	9756
27.2	44.2	66.3	88.3	130.8	175.0	217.5	261.6	304.1	348.3	390.7	434.9	
125.7	205.6	305.8	406.0	606.5	798.5	1002.3	1206.2	1410.0	1596.9	1800.8	2004.6	95M
45.9	76.4	113.8	149.5	224.2	305.8	373.7	441.7	526.6	594.0	662.6	747.5	95S6
7.0	9.0		12.6		17.8		21.9		25.1		28.0	95T
												9156
												4756
151.2	246.4	356.8	475.7	713.6	951.4	1189.3	1427.2	1665.0	1902.9	2140.8	2378.6	4856
49.3	78.2	118.9	152.9	220.9	305.8	373.8	441.7	509.7	577.7	645.6	713.6	
188.6	309.2	458.7	611.6	917.4	1206.2	1512.0	1809.3	2115.1	2412.4	2718.1	3006.9	85
69.7	115.5	192.0	227.6	339.8	450.2	552.1	679.5	807.0	900.4	1002.3	1121.2	
348.9												31S6
101.9												31G
19.7												
395.3	647.3	963.2	1277.5	1906.1	2536.4	3164.9	3795.2	4417.0	5045.6			3356
101.9	168.2	249.7	331.3	494.4	657.5	820.5	983.6	1180.7	1308.1			33G
19.7	25.1		35.3		49.8		61.0		70.3			EU37/12
												30/12
440.0	718.7	1068.7	1417.0	2115.3								4956
202.2	329.6	489.3	650.7	970.1								
494.4												41S6
236.1												41G
558.9	914.0	1359.0	1804.2	2693.0	3581.2	4469.6	5361.5	6251.7	7135.1			30/25
256.5	419.6	623.5	827.3	1235.1	1642.8	2050.5	2982.0	2871.0	3278.8			45S6
56.2	72.0		101.1		142.4		173.3		200.5			45G
												EU37/25
1270.7	2072.6	3091.9	4094.2	6115.8	8120.5	10142.1	12163.7					EU27/35
599.7	981.9	1457.6	1936.7	2888.0	3839.4	4790.7	5747.1					
1382.9	2259.5	3363.7										EU27/80
907.2	1483.1	2208.5										
5131.0	8393.1											15/80S6
1444.2	2361.6											
												Q1S, Q5S,
												H1S, H5S
												Q15N,
												Q2N
												ILN, IKN
												P1N

Adsorbent Cartridge Flow Rates of Gas^[1] (m³/h)

Housing	Grade		Flow Rates,m3/h, At 0.14 Drop At Indicated Line Pressure, barg.											
Housing		1.4	1	2	4	6	10	15	20	30	50	70	100	150
9922-05, 9933-05	DAU	0.9	1.7	2.5	4.3	6.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9922-11, 9933-11														
8822-11, 8833-11	DAU	1.3	2.4	3.5	5.7	7.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
33S6, 33G, EU37/12	CI	3.7	6.1	9.3	15.9	22.3	35.3	51.7	67.8	100.8	165.6	231	328.8	491.4
45S6, 45G, EU37/25	CI	10.2	17.1	25.4	42.1	58.8	92.4	133.8	175.8	259.2	426	592.8	840	1260
EU27/35	CI	20.4	36	53.2	87.6	122.4	191.4	277.2	363.6	535.8	882	-	-	-
EU27/80	CI	39.1	92.4	123.6	186.6	249.6	376.2	533.4	690	1008	1638	-	-	-

Notes:

Note: Housings should be checked for individual pressure ratings.

- Please see Page 12/13 for coalescing filter flow rates.
- 2 A.N.R. = Standard reference Atmosphere (1000mbar, 20°C 65% R.H.)

To calculate the absorbent life of an application, please consult the Parker Technical Support team referencing 'K.3.2.147 -Calculation of Absorbent cartridge'.

Flow Rates for Liquid Filters

	Volume of	Initial	Water Flow Rate, litres per minute							
Filter Housing	Housing	Pressure	Q or X (Cartridges		LP Ca	rtridges			
	(Litres)	Drop (bar)	DQ, DX	BQ, BX	Grade 10	Grade 20	Grade 30	Grade 50		
Stainless Steel, Monel and Teflon Housings										
105S6	-	0.07	0.44	0.13	-	-	-	-		
10556	-	0.34	1.51	0.63	-	-	-	-		
4856	-	0.07	0.88	0.25	-	-	-			
4030	-	0.34	3.22	1.32	-	-	-			
95M, 95S6, 95T, 95A	0.02	0.07	1.14	0.32	-	-	-			
91S6, 47S6	0.04	-	-	-	-	-	-			
85	0.06	0.34	4.04	1.64	-	-	-			
31S6, 31G	0.10	0.07	3.41	0.82	-	-	-			
3156, 316	0.10	0.34	8.14	3.53	-	-	-			
1007	-	0.07	3.41	0.82	-	-	-			
49S6	-	0.34	8.52	3.79	-	-	-			
0007 000 EU07/40	0.16	0.07	3.97	1.01	3.15	3.15	2.52	0.63		
33S6, 33G, EU37/12	0.16	0.34	9.46	4.16	13.25	13.25	11.36	2.84		
4404 440	0.19	0.07	5.99	1.89	-	-	-			
4156, 416	0.19	0.34	18.93	8.83	18.93	18.93	16.40	4.10		
	0.42	0.07	6.88	2.21	4.73	4.73	3.79	0.95		
EU37/25, 45S6, 45G	0.42	0.34	18.93	8.83	18.93	18.93	16.40	4.10		
E1107/05	1.49	0.07	20.50	5.68	-	-	-			
EU27/35	1.49	0.34	55.20	25.24	-	-	-			
	-	0.07	-	-	13.25	13.25	13.25	5.0		
EU27/50	-	0.34	-	-	45.42	45.42	45.42	2406		
	2.84	0.07	24.61	10.73	-	-	-			
EU27/80	2.84	0.34	62.46	38.49	-	-	-			
	-	0.07	104.10	45.42	-	-	-			
EU27/95	-	0.34	252.36	157.73	-	-	-			
	-	0.07	104.10	45.42	-	-	-			
15/80S6 (2)	-	0.34	252.36	157.73	-	-	-			
Plastic Housings										
-	0.01	0.07	0.76	0.19	-	-	-			
9922-05, 9933-05	0.01	0.34	1.89	0.95	-	-	_			
	0.02	0.07	1.14	0.32	-	-	_			
8822-11, 8833-11, 9922-11, 9933-11	0.02	0.34	2.84	1.64	-	-	-			
	-	0.07	1.45	0.63	-	-	-			
90	-	0.34	2.90	2.27	-	-	-			
	0.13	0.07	-	-	3.15	3.15	2.52	0.6		
7700-12, 58P	0.13	0.34	-	-	13.25	13.25	11.36	2.8		
	0.70	0.07		-	6.31	6.31	6.31	2.5		
53/18	0.70	0.34		_	22.71	22.71	22.71	11.9		
	0.70	0.07	-	-	6.31	6.31	6.31	2.5		
53/50, 54/50	0.70	0.34		_	22.71	22.71	22.71	11.9		
	2.50	0.07			26.50	26.50	26.50	10.0		
53/95	2.50	0.07			90.85	98.85	90.85	49.2		
	2.30	0.34	-		70.00	70.00	70.00	47.2		

Notes: 1. For liquids with viscosity higher than the viscosity of water (1 centipoise), divide the flow rates in the above table by the viscosity of the liquid in centipoises. 2. Flow rates for Model 15/80S6 are estimated.

Plastic Inline Filters

Features

Pre and fine filtration in one unit Pressure ratings up to 3.4 barg Temperature to 52°C Twist-lock design

The ILN/IKN inlines are used for low flow circuit protection on sensing instruments, analysers, air-logic, and other control devices. High efficiency coalescing and particulate elements are available.

This twist-lock plastic housing is designed for 3.45 bar maximum operating pressure. The two-stage filter design allows for high efficiency element replacement and the re-use of the 75-micron prefilter.

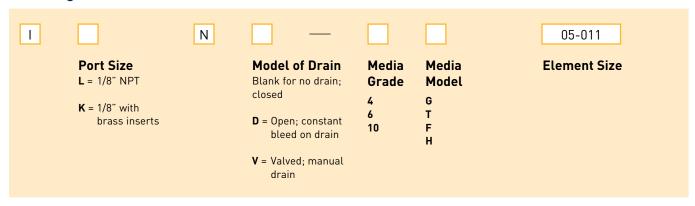


ILN/IKN Series

Principal Specifications

	ILN/IKN	ILND/IKND	ILNV/IKNV
Port Size	1/8"	1/8"	1/8"
Maximum Pressure	3.4 barg	3.4 barg	3.4 barg
Materials of Construction			
Head	ILN: Nylon IKN: Clear Polyurethane	ILND: Nylon IKND: Clear Polyurethane	ILNV: Nylon IKNV: Clear Polyurethane
Internals	Neoprene	Neoprene	Neoprene
Bowl	ILN: Nylon IKN: Clear Polyurethane	ILN: Nylon IKN: Clear Polyurethane	ILN: Nylon IKN: Clear Polyurethane
Seals	Silicone Rubber	Silicone Rubber	Silicone Rubber
Shipping Weight	0.05kg	0.05kg	0.05kg
Dimensions	46x102mm	46x102mm	46x102mm

Ordering Information



 $\textbf{For Example:} \ IKND-4G05-011 \ for complete \ assembly, including \ element. \ IKND \ x \ 1 \ for \ an \ empty \ housing.$

Disposable Inline Filters

Features

Prevent cross-contamination of samples
Pressure ratings up to 8.5 barg
Temperature to 135°C
Completely disposable, constructed of recyclable plastics



Models 9922-05, 9933-05, and 9900-05

The 9933-03 models are the smallest disposable filter units with 6.6ml internal volume. These models are used in low flow gas or liquid sampling applications, such as liquids to specific-ion analysers or gases to personal samplers. The model 9900-05-BK has a colour indicating feature, which turns the cartridge red when saturated with oil.

Models 9922-11 and 9933-11

Models 9922-11 and 9933-11 are used for applications similar to the smaller DFUs (Models 9922-05 and 9933-05), which require greater solids holding capacity and can tolerate the increased retention time.

Model 8833-11

These disposable filter units are used as continuous coalescing filters with a third port serving as the drain, slipstream, or by-pass port.

Principal Specifications

Model	8822-11	8833-11	9922-05	9933-03	9933-05	9922-11	9933-11
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/4" Tubing	1/4" Tubing	1/4" Tubing	1/4" Tubing	1/4"Tubing	1/4" Tubing	1/4" Tubing
Drain	1/4" Tubing	1/4" Tubing	None	None	None	None	None
Material of Construction	PVDF (Blue)	Nylon (Clear)	PVDF (Blue)	Nylon (Clear)	Nylon (Clear)	PVDF (Blue)	Nylon (Clear)
Filter Cartridge Length	57mm	57mm	32mm	32mm	32mm	57mm	57mm
Maximum Temperature (1)	135°C	110°C	135°C	110°C	110°C	135°C	110°C
Maximum Pressure (2)	8.5 barg	8.5 barg	8.5 barg	8.6 barg	8.1 barg	8.5 barg	8.5 barg
Dimensions	36 x 120mm	36 x 120mm	25 x 80mm	25 x 44mm	25 x 80mm	36 x 120mm	36 x 120mm

Ordering Information

Model	8822-11	8833-11	9922-05	9933-03	9933-05	9922-11	9933-11
Box 10	8822-11-□	8833-11-	9922-05-□	9933-03-□	9933-05-□	9922-11-□	9933-11-□
Available only in Box 10 DAU'S (3)	X-grades	X-grades	Q-grades	Q-grades	Q-grades	Q-grades	Q-grades
0.01 membrane filters		N/A	9922-05-□	9933-03-□ 9933-05-95	9933-05-□ 9922-11-95	9922-11-	9933-11-

Notes:

- 1 At 0 barg
- 2 At 43°C
- 3 To designate adsorbent in the DAU, insert adsorbent numbers after DAU designation. For example, to obtain a miniature clear nylon DAU with carbon adsorbent, order 9933-05-000. Adsorbent numbers are listed on page 6

Model 8800-12

Large Capacity Disposable Absorption Filters

Proven to be the best performing filters, Parker Balston has introduced a new line of disposable in-line adsorption filters, the model 8800-12. This fitter is designed to remove vapours from gases. Vapours such as hydrocarbons, ketones, carbon dioxide, ammonia, mercury, methane, ethylene, methanol, freons, acidic gases, and water vapour are just a few of a long list of vapours that can be adsorbed. In addition, several of the models can be used in liquid service to remove trace contaminants.

The filters are capable of handling up to 3.5 barg operating pressures in gas service and up to 4.8 barg in liquid service.

The units come standard with 1/2" tube connections and are constructed of durable nylon.

These filters are ideal for sample analyzing, venting applications, emissions monitoring, direct food contact applications and other applications critical to vapour contamination.

Our years of experience in fitting products to individual applications has led to the creation of a variety of standard products that can be ordered off the shelf. If you require a specific configuration, size, or material, our Engineering Team will be happy to work closely with you and design product to you exact specifications.



Final filter for air logic devices
Protection of pneumatic components
Filtration of portable environmental sampling devices
Filtration of samples to on-line analysers

Protection of pneumatic temperature controls

Ideal for the following liquid filtration applications:

Filtration of liquid with minimum hold-up volume Filtration of liquid samples to analysers

Additional applications in the following industries:

Instrument and Controls

HVAC

Dental

Emissions Monitoring

Food Packaging

Ambient Air Monitors



Disposable Adsorption Units (DAU) contain a bed of adsorbent granules. Utilizing a wide choice of adsorbents. the DAUs selectively remove vapours from air and other gases.

Because the adsorbed vapour remains trapped in the solid bed, the DAU has a fixed upper Limit of total weight of vapour which can be captured. It is usually not feasible to regenerate the filter when it has reached its adsorption Limit. DAUs should be used only when small quantities of vapour are to be removed.

Considerations in Using Adsorbent Cartridges

The following factors should be considered when selecting a DAU:

- 1 Solid adsorbents are effective only for vapours. Since Liquids will damage or inactivate most solid adsorbents, the DAU must be preceded by an efficient coalescing filter.
- 2 In contrast with Microfibre Filters, which operate at their initial efficiency throughout their Life, adsorbent cartridges have a limited holding capacity. When the adsorption capacity is reached, no further adsorption occurs. The limiting capacity, or "breakthrough" point, is not sharply

Adsorbent	Grade	Use for
Carbon	000	Compressor oil vapours C and heavier hydrocarbons, aromatics, ovygenated hydrocarbons, Chlorinated organics, freons, carbon disulfide.
Silica Gel Vapour	101	Recommended only for water
Molecular Sieve Type 13X	103	Most C and lighter hydrocarbons, ethylene, propylene, acetylene, Ethylene oxide, ammonia, mercaptans, sulphur hexafluoride, triethylamine and smatter amines.
Mixed Sodium and Calcium Hydroxides	107	All acidic gases, including sulphur trioxide, sulphur dioxide, nitrogen dioxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen sulphide, hydrogen, chloride, phosphorus, trichloride, boron trifluouride.

Notes:

- Please refer to Ordering Information for complete explanation of nomenclature.
- 2. In DAU 8800-12-107. colour indicator tuns violet when adsorbent is spent.
- 3. In DAU 8800-12-101. adsorbent turns pink when vapour capacity is reached.
- 4. Maximum operating temperature is 66°C (151°F).

Chemical Compatibility Model 8800-12

Suitable: Water to 66°C (151°F); benzene, toluene, other aromatic hydrocarbons; hydrocarbon solvents and fuels. perchtoroethylene; trichloroethylene, nitric acid (to 10%); sulphuric acid (to 40%); hydrochloric acid (to 10%); most salt solutions; sodium and potassium hydroxide (to 50%).

Limited Use: Water at 70°C (158°F); acetone; MEK, acetaldehyde; ammonia (to 25%).

Unsuitable: Water above 80°C (176°F); alcohols; glycols, phenol; aniline; DMF; concentrated acids; chlorine.

- defined, and the exit vapour concentration will increase rapidly as saturation is approached. To avoid unwanted vapour contaminants downstream, it is necessary to change the adsorbent cartridge well before it has reached its ultimate adsorption capacity.
- 3 Adsorption is reversible, if operating conditions change, a vapour may desorb rather than adsorb. For example, if a temporary surge in vapour impurity concentration causes a relatively high concentration to be adsorbed on the solid, a subsequent decrease in inlet vapour composition will result in desorption of vapour from the solid to the gas stream.
- 4 The efficiency of a given adsorbent for a given vapour depends upon the specific operating conditions. Therefore, again in contrast to filtration, it is not possible to assign a single efficiency rating to an adsorbent. While it is not possible to predict or guarantee an adsorption efficiency for any specific set of conditions, it is possible to enhance the conditions beneficial to adsorption and avoid conditions which interfere with adsorption. Conditions which aid adsorption are: tow temperature, high pressure, low flow rate, and absence of competing vapors [particularly water vapor).

Flow rates	m ³ /hr @ 0.14 barg DP								
	10" H20	0.14barg	1.4barg	2.8barg	3.5 barg				
8800-12-000	0.4	1.9	8.2	11	7.33				
8800-12-101, 103, 107	0.7	23.6	10.2	13.6	15.3				

Principal Specifications				
Model	8800-12-000, 101, 103, 107			
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/2" Tubing			
Drain	None			
Material of Construction	Nylon			
Filter Cartridge Length	5.71cm (2.5")			
Maximum Temperature ¹	66°C (150°F)			
Maximum Pressure ²	3.5 barg			
Dimensions	5.69 cmD x 15.85cmL (2.24" x 6.24")			

Ordering Information	
Model	8800-12
Box of 1 DFU(3)	8800-12-XXX

Notes:

- 1. At 0 barg
- At 43°C (110°F)
- To designate adsorbent in the DAU, insert adsorbent numbers after DAU designation.
 For example, to obtain a miniature clear nylon DAU with carbon adsorbent. order 8800-12-000

Hydrophobic Membrane Filters

Features

Ideal for protecting all models of on-line analyser

Removes entrained water, submicron sulphuric acid aerosol and ultra fine particulate

Provides an absolute barrier to liquids



The series 39 and 98 membrane filters consist of a housing with a porous PTFE membrane filter, which is supported by a sintered porous disk located on the "outlet" side of the housing. Gas enters through the "inlet" port on the upstream side of the membrane and exits from the "outlet" port on the downstream side. Entrained liquid will not flow through the membrane and will exit through the "by-pass" port on the upstream side of the membrane, completely protecting sensitive instrumentation from moisture.

For the membrane to operate correctly there must be by-pass flow.

The Membrane

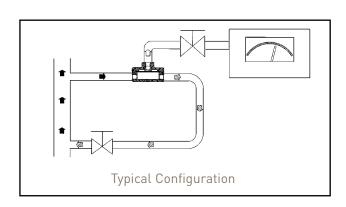
Microscopic pores contained within the membrane permit molecules of gas or vapour to flow through easily, allowing the composition of the sample gas to remain unchanged. Conversely, even the smallest liquid molecules remain trapped and are unable to flow through the membrane's small passages under normal operating conditions. This is due to the high surface tension, which causes liquid molecules to bind tightly together, to form a group of molecules, which is too large to fit through the pores of the membrane. The membrane is extremely inert and is recommended for most process applications, with the exception of hydrofluoric acid. It is also recommended for use in systems designed for ppb, ppm and "percent level" component concentrations, as a result of its very low absorption characteristics. The membrane is strong and durable, but also very soft and pliable.



MODEL 39

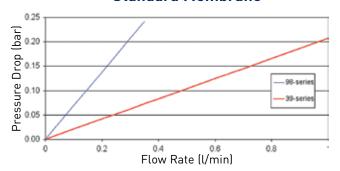


MODEL 98

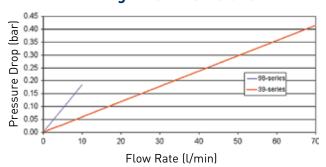


Hydrophobic Membrane Filters

Flow Rate Vs Pressure Drop Standard Membrane



Flow Rate Vs Pressure Drop High Flow Membrane



Housing and Membrane Selection Guide

Model	39-0	39-2	98-0	98-2	
Membrane Model	Standard ^[1]	High Flow [2] Standard [1]		High Flow ⁽²⁾	
Maximum Recommended Flow Rate in I/min (3)	1.0	70 0.6		10	
Normal Amount of Liquid Present in Gas (4)	Low	Low to Medium	Low to Medium	Low to Medium	

Notes:

- 1 Standard membrane is suitable for most liquids.
- 2 High flow membrane is suitable for water, solutions consisting primarily of water, sulphuric acid, caustic, glycols, oily liquids and other high surface tension model liquids.
- 3 Maximum recommended flow rate of gas through the membrane. Does not include the "by-pass" flow rate.
- 4 Amount of liquid normally expected to be present in the sample gas: Low: aerosol or occasional droplets. Medium: continuous droplets. High: continuous flowing liquid.

Principal Specifications

Model	39 Series	98 Series	
By-pass Ports	1/2" NPT	1/4" NPT	
Sample Port	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	
Materials of Construction			
Housing	316 Stainless Steel	316 Stainless Steel	
0-rings	Viton (standard), Kalrez, Buna, EPDM (optional)	Viton (standard), Kalrez, Buna, EPDM (optional)	
Maximum Operating Pressure	29 barg @ 93°C	69 barg	
Maximum Temperature	100°C	100°C	
Maximum Recommended Flow Rate			
Standard Membrane	1 V/min	0.6 l/min	
High Flow Membrane	70 l/min	10 l/min	
Typical Membrane Pressure Drop (1)			
Standard Membrane	0.07 barg per 250 cc/min, flow through membrane	0.07 barg per 100 cc/min, flow through membrane	
High Flow Membrane	0.07 barg per 20 litres/min, flow through membrane	0.07 barg per 3.8 litres/min, flow through membrane	
Outside Dimensions	84 x 51mm	50 x 50mm	
Shipping Weight	1 kg	0.7kg	

Ordering Information

Filter Assembly	39-0 (Standard)	39-2 (High Flow) 98-0 (Standard)		98-2 (High Flow)	
Maintenance Kits					
5 each Membranes and Viton 0-Rings	39014	39015	98014	98015	
5 each Membranes	39002	39020	98002	98020	

Notes: 1. Pressure Drops are for temperatures to $100\,^{\circ}$ C.

Viton*, is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.

Combination Colescer Membrane Filters

Features

Continuous coalescing of all liquid and the security of hydrophobic membrane protection in one unit

Less maintenance and downtime as the membrane is fully protected from solids and liquids

Fewer fittings required — reducing risk of leaks

More compact — no need for separate coalescers



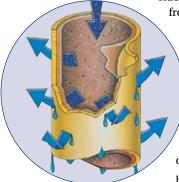
The Balston Coalescer Membrane Combination Filter is designed to remove entrained liquid and particulate in gas samples for a wide variety of applications and thereby prevents contamination or damage to the analysers and sample system components. Typically located upstream of the analyser or component it is protecting; the Coalescer Membrane Combination provides protection even if other sample system components fail. The Coalescer Membrane combination offers the performance and protection of the Balston Membrane Filters, with the additional benefits of liquid coalescing and fine particle capture. There is no need for prefiltration, which places more volume in the sample system, requires more space for installation and has the potential for more areas to leak. The A98 Series and A39/12 Series consists of a housing with a porous membrane filter that is supported by a sintered porous disc located on the "outlet" side of the housing. Gas enters through the "inlet" port and is directed down through the coalescing filter. The coalescer traps all particulates and continuously drains liquid contaminates. The sample gas

then flows upward to the upstream

side of the membrane and exits from the "outlet" port on the

downstream side. Entrained liquid will not flow through the membrane and exits through the drain port on the downstream side of the coalescer.

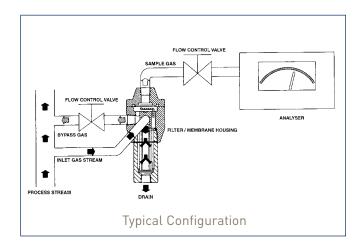
For the membrane to operate correctly there must be by-pass flow.





MODEL A39/12

MODEL A98



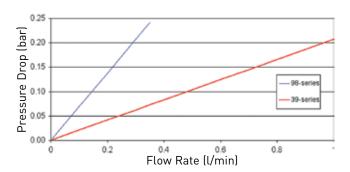
The Membrane

Microscopic pores contained within the PTFE membrane permit molecules of gas or vapour to flow through easily, allowing the composition of the sample gas to remain unchanged. Conversely, even the smallest liquid molecules remain trapped and are unable to flow through the membrane's small passages under normal operating conditions. This is due to the high surface tension, which causes liquid molecules to bind tightly together, to form a group of molecules, moving together, which is too large to fit through the pores of the membrane. The membrane is extremely inert and is recommended for most process liquid applications, with the exception of hydrofluoric acid. It is also recommended for use in systems designed for ppb, ppm and "percent level" component concentrations, as a result of its very low absorption characteristics. The membrane is strong and durable, but also very soft and pliable.

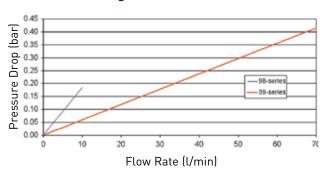
Parker's Coalescing Action

Combination Coalescer Membrane Filters

Flow Rate Vs Pressure Drop Standard Membrane



Flow Rate Vs Pressure Drop High Flow Membrane



Housing and Membrane Selection Guide

Model	A39-0	A39-2	A98-0	A98-2	
Membrane Model	Standard (1)	High Flow ^[2] Standard ^[1]		High Flow ⁽²⁾	
Maximum Recommended Flow Rate in I/min (3)	1.0	70	0.6	10	
Normal Amount of Liquid Present in Gas [4]	Low	Low to Medium	Low to Medium	Low to Medium	

Notes:

- $1 \hspace{1cm} \textbf{Standard membrane is suitable for most liquids.} \\$
- 2 High flow membrane is suitable for water, solutions consisting primarily of water, sulphuric acid, caustic, glycols, oily liquids and other high surface tension model liquids.
- 3 Maximum recommended flow rate of gas through the membrane. Does not include the "by-pass" flow rate.
- 4 Amount of liquid normally expected to be present in the sample gas: Low: aerosol or occasional droplets. Medium: continuous droplets. High: continuous flowing liquid.

Principal Specifications

Model	A39/12 Series	A98 Series	
By-pass Ports	1/2" NPT	1/4" NPT	
Sample Port	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	
Materials of Construction			
Housing	316 Stainless Steel	316 Stainless Steel	
0-rings	Viton (standard), Kalrez, Buna, EPDM (optional)	Viton (standard), Kalrez, Buna, EPDM (optional)	
Maximum Operating Pressure	29 barg	69 barg	
Maximum Temperature	100°C	100°C	
Maximum Recommended Flow Rate			
Standard Membrane	1 V/min	0.6 l/min	
High Flow Membrane	70 l/min	10 l/min	
Typical Membrane Pressure Drop (1)			
Standard Membrane	0.07 barg per 250 cc/min, flow through membrane	0.07 barg per 100 cc/min, flow through membrane	
High Flow Membrane	0.07 barg per 20 litres/min, flow through membrane	0.07 barg per 3.8 litres/min, flow through membrane	
Outside Dimensions	84 x 51mm	50 x 50mm	
Shipping Weight	1.1kg	1.8kg	

Ordering Information

Filter Assembly A98/11Q-0 A98/11Q-2	Filter Assembly A39/12X-0, A39/12X-2		
98011 5 ea. DQ Filters, Viton O-Rings and Membranes for A98-0	39014 5 ea. Viton O-Rings and Membranes for A39/12-0		
98012 5 ea. BQ Filters, Viton O-Rings and Membranes for A98-2	39015 5 ea. Viton O-Rings and Membranes for A39/12-2		
98013 5 ea. DQ Filters, Viton O-Rings and Membranes for A98-2	39002 5 ea. Membranes for A39/12-0		
98010 5 ea. BQ Filters, Viton O-Rings and Membranes for A98-0	39020 5 ea. Membranes for A39/12-2		
98002 5 ea. Membranes for A98-0	150-12-□ X 10 ea. Coalescing Filter Cartridges		
98020 5 ea. Membranes for A98-2			
050-11-□ Q 10 ea. Coalescing Filter Cartridges			

Notes: 1. For Glass Bowl version order: A39/12G-Q-(0)-(2)

Viton*, is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.

Filters with Aluminium Heads & Various Bowls

Features

Lightweight and economical Pressure up to 9 barg Aluminium heads

The Q series is an excellent point-of-use filter where element visibility is required. Coalescing, particulate and adsorption elements are available.

The Q series consists of aluminium head and clear bowl design. Porting in NPT and BSPF is standard with an operating pressure to 9 barg.

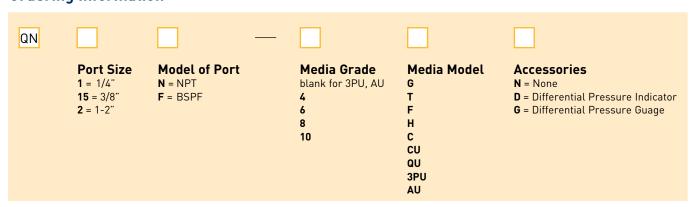


QN15N/Q2N Series

Principal Specifications

	Q_1N	Q_15N	Q_2N			
Port Size	1/4"	3/8"	1/2"			
Maximum Pressure	9 barg	9 barg	9 barg			
Maximum Temperature	52°C	52°C 52°C				
Materials of Construction						
Head	Aluminium	Aluminium	Aluminium			
Internals	Stainless Steel, Acetal Plastic	Stainless Steel, Acetal Plastic	Stainless Steel, Acetal Plastic			
Bowl	Clear Polyurethane	Clear Polyurethane	Clear Polyurethane			
Seals	Buna-N	Buna-N	Buna-N			
Shipping Weight	0-39 kg	0-39 kg	0-39 kg			

Ordering Information



Note: Although the element size is not included in the part number construction for this filter, the size, 10-025, is needed to order replacement elements. For example, 6C10-025 x 8.

For Example: QN15N-10QUN for complete assembly, including element. QN15NN x 1 for an empty housing.

Filters with Aluminium Heads & Various Bowls

Features

Lightweight and economical Pressure up to 17 barg

Aluminium and plastic heads

The H5S/Q5S series filters are an excellent choice for instrumentation and point-of-use general air system filtration. They also provide coalescing and adsorption filtration for robotic and OEM machine manufacturers.

The P1N offers economical high efficiency filtration for point of use. Instrument systems, or CEM machine circuit protection. The P1N is also used when sump and element visibility are required.

The P1N series consists of acetal plastic head and clear polyure thane bowl design. Porting in NPT with an operating pressure to 7 barg / 100 psi.

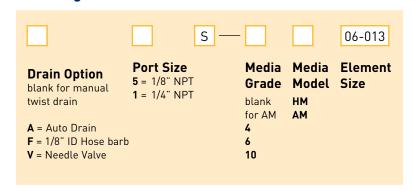


H5S/H1S/Q5S/Q1S Series

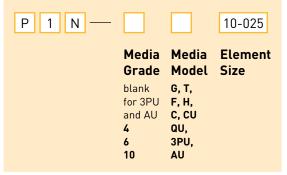
Principal Specifications

Model	Q5S	Q1S	H5S	H1S	P1N
Port Size (NPT)	1/8"	1/4"	1/8"	1/4"	1/4"
Maximum Pressure	10 barg	10 barg	17 barg	17 barg	7 barg
Maximum Temperature	52°C	52°C	79°C	79°C	52°C
Materials of Construction					
Head	Aluminium	Aluminium	Aluminium	Aluminium	Acetal Plastic
Bowl	Polycarbonate	Polycarbonate	Zinc	Zinc	Clear Polyurethane
Internals	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Acetal Plastic, Stainless Steel
Seals	Buna N	Buna N	Buna N	Buna N	Buna N
Shipping Weight	0.1kg	0.1kg	0.14kg	0.14kg	0.22kg

Ordering Information



 $\textbf{For Example:} \ QN15N-10QUN \ for complete \ assembly, including \ element. \ QN15NN \ x \ 1 \ for \ an \ empty \ housing.$



For Example: P1N-4QU10-025 for complete assembly, including element. P1N x 1 for an empty housing.

Q	s —	-		06-013
Drain Option blank for manual twist drain A = Auto Drain F = 1/8" ID Hose bar V = Needle Valve	Port Size 5 = 1/8" NPT 1 = 1/4" NPT	Media Grade blank for AM 4 6	Media Model HM AM	Element Size

For Example: Q1S-AM06-013 for complete assembly, including element. Q1S x 1 for an empty housing.

Miniature T-Model Filter Housings

Features

Stainless steel, Teflon® or Monel construction Pressure to 345 barg

T-Model construction allows for non-disruptive maintenance

Ideal sample filters for on-line analysers

Models 105S6, 91S6, 95M, 95S6 and 95T

These miniature T-model filters are constructed of 316 stainless steel, Teflon° and Monel. With only 19ml internal volume and the opportunity for by-pass or slipstream filtration using the drain port as an exit port, the model 95 filters are ideal sample filters for on-line analysers. The model 105S6 has a smaller internal volume of 15ml.



MODEL 105S6



MODEL 95S6 & 91S6

Principal Specifications

· ········						
Model	10556	9156	95M	95S6	95T	95A
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT ⁽¹⁾	1/8" NPT (1)	1/8" NPT ⁽¹⁾	1/8" NPT ⁽¹⁾
Drain Port	1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT
Materials of Construction						
Head	316SS (2)	316SS (2)	Monel	316SS ^[2]	Teflon	Aluminium
Bowl	316SS ^[2]	316SS (2)	Monel	316SS (2)	Teflon	Aluminium
Internals	316SS (2)	316SS (2)	Teflon	316SS (2)	Teflon	Aluminium
Seals	Viton	Viton	Viton	Viton	Viton	Viton
Maximum Temperature	204°C	204°C	204°C	204°C	149°C	93°C
Maximum Pressure	345 barg ⁽³⁾	103 barg (3)	345 barg ⁽³⁾	345 barg ⁽³⁾	10.3 barg ⁽³⁾	172 barg ^[3]
Shipping Weight	0.4kg	0.4kg	0.4kg	0.4kg	0.2kg	0.2kg
Dimensions	40 x 80mm	40 x 90mm	40 x 100mm	40 x 100mm	40 x 100mm	40 x 100mm

Ordering Information

Filter Housing Model	105S6	9156	95M	95S6	95T	95A
Support Core, Required for Liquid Filtration	Included	Included	Included	Included	Included	Included
Filter Cartridges	050-07-□	050-11-□	050-11-□	050-11-□	050-11-□	050-11-□
Use Only These Filter Models	Q,H,S	Q,H,S	Q,H,S, SSC	Q,H,S, SSC	Q,H,S, SSC	Q,H,S, SSC
Mounting Bracket	11038-UK	11038-UK	11038-UK	11038-UK	11038-UK	11038-UK

Notes

Also available with 1/4" NPT ports. To order with 1/4" NPT ports, use designation Model 95S6-1/4

Constructed of materials, which comply with NACE Specification MR-01-75. Request certificate of compliance.

Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 93°C. Please consult factory for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures.

Teflon°, is a registered trademark of E.I. du Pont de Nemours and Company. Viton*, is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers

Stainless Steel Inline Filter Housings

Features

All stainless steel construction Pressure to 345 barg Temperature to 538°C

Model 97S6, 30/12 and 30/25

The model 97S6 is a miniature 316 stainless steel filter with 1/4" NPT inline ports and 345 barg rating. Since the filter does not have a drain port, the model 97S6 is used as an end-of-the-line compressed gas filter when little or no liquid is expected, for example as a cylinder gas filter.

Models 30/12 and 30/25

Designed specifically for quantitative measurement of solids in gases to 538°C, the filter cartridge and element retainer disc in the model 30 housings may be weighed as a single unit.



MODEL 97S6

Principal Specifications

Model	9756	30/12	30/25	
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/4" NPT	1/2" NPT	1/2" NPT	
Drain Port	None	None	None	
Materials of Construction				
Head	316SS	303SS	303SS	
Bowl	316SS	304SS	304SS	
Internals	316SS	303SS	303SS	
Seals	Viton	Carbon Fibre	Carbon Fibre	
Maximum Temperature	204°C	538°C	538°C	
Maximum Pressure	345 barg ⁽¹⁾	7 barg ^[2]	7 barg ^[2]	
Shipping Weight	0.3kg	0.9kg	1.4kg	
Dimensions	32 x 79mm	48 x 112mm	48 x 220mm	

Ordering Information

Filter Housing Model	9756	30/12	30/25		
Support Core, Required for Liquid Filtration	Included	N/A	N/A		
Filter Cartridges	050-05-□	100-12-□	100-25-□		
Important Note: X-model cartridges are not available for the Model 9756					

Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 93 °C. Please consult factory for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures. Maximum pressure rating is for temperatures to 538 °C.

Viton*, is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.

Low Internal Volume Filter Housings

Features

Stainless steel construction Pressure to 103 barg Temperature to 204°C Compact design

Models 31S6, 31G, 41S6, 91S6 and 41G

These models offer compact designs and half the dead volume of other sample filters, resulting in faster sampling times. They are constructed of stainless steel and available with a variety of seals for easy adaptation to demanding applications.

If larger amounts of condensate are expected, specify 33 or 45 series.



MODEL 47S6



MODEL 31G



MODEL 91S6



MODEL 31S6

Principal Specifications

Model	9156	31G	41G	3156	4156	4756
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/8" NPT ⁽¹⁾	1/2" NPT (1)	1/2" NPT [1]	1/2" NPT (1)	1/2" NPT [1]	1/4" NPT
Drain Port	1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT	1/4" NPT
Materials of Construction						
Head	316SS (2)	316SS	316SS	316SS	316SS	316SS (2)
Bowl	316SS (2)	Pyrex	Pyrex	316SS	316SS	316SS (2)
Internals	316SS (2)	316SS	316SS	316SS	316SS	316SS (2)
Seals	Viton	Viton	Viton	Viton	Viton	Viton
Maximum Temperature	204°C (3)	71°C (3)	71°C (3)	204°C (3)	204°C (3)	204°C (3)
Maximum Pressure	103 barg	7 barg	7 barg	29 barg	17 barg	103 barg
Shipping Weight	0.4kg	0.9kg	1.8kg	1.4kg	2.3kg	0.4kg
Dimensions	38 x 94mm	57mm x 140mm	57 x 260mm	57 x 146mm	57 x 260mm	38 x 94mm

Ordering Information

3						
Filter Housing Model	9156	31G	41G	3156	4156	4756
Support Core, Required for Liquid Filtration	Included	SS-100-12	SS-100-25	SS-100-12	SS-100-25	Included
Filter Cartridges	050-11-□	100-12-	100-25-□	100-12-	100-25-□	050-11-□
Use Only These Filter Models	Q, H, S	X, H, Q, S	X, H, Q, S	X, H, Q, S	X, H, Q, S	Q, H, S
Mounting Bracket	11038-UK	11038-UK	11038-UK	11038-UK	11038-UK	Included

- Also available with 1/4" NPT ports. To order with 1/4" NPT ports, use designation Model 31G-1/4 etc.
 Constructed of materials which comply with NACE Specification MR-01-75. Request certificate of compliance.
 Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 104°C. Please consult factory for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures.

 $Viton ", is a \ registered \ trademark \ of \ DuPont \ Dow \ Elastomers. \ \ Pyrex", is a \ registered \ trademarks \ of \ Corning \ Incorporated.$

High Internal Volume Filter Housings

Features

All 316 stainless steel construction Pressure to 29 barg Temperature to 204°C Ideal when a large volume of condensed liquid is expected

Models 33S6, 33G, 45S6, 45G

Higher flow rate filters, all available with 1/4" or 1/2" NPT ports. The 33G and 45G are supplied with a Pyrex glass bowl complete with external plastic shield. These housings are especially useful for gas sampling when a large volume of condensed liquid is expected.







MODEL 33S6

Principal Specifications

Model	33G	3356	45G	45S6		
Inlet and Outlet Ports (1)	1/2" NPT	1/2" NPT	1/2" NPT	1/2" NPT		
Drain Port	1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT		
Materials of Construction	Materials of Construction					
Head	316SS	316SS	316SS	316SS		
Bowl	Pyrex	316SS	Pyrex	316SS		
Internals	316SS	316SS	316SS	316SS		
Seals	Viton	Viton	Viton	Viton		
Maximum Temperature	71°C ^[2]	204°C	71°C ^[2]	204°C		
Maximum Pressure	8.6 barg	29 barg	8.6 barg	17 barg		
Shipping Weight	1.4kg	1.4kg	2.3kg	2.3kg		
Dimensions	70 x 110mm	70 x 120mm	70 x 230mm	70 x 240mm		

Ordering Information

Filter Housing Model	33G	3356	45G	45 S6
Support Core, Required for Liquid Filtration	SS-100-12	SS-100-12	SS-100-25	SS-100-25
Filter Cartridges	100-12-□	100-12-□	100-25-□	100-25-□
Mounting Bracket	11038-UK	11038-UK	11038-UK	11038-UK

- Also available with 1/4" NPT ports. To order with 1/4" NPT ports, use designation Model 33G-1/4 etc Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 93°C. Please consult factory for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures. Support core is not required with LP grade cartridges.

Viton°, is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.

 $Pyrex^{\circ}, is \ a \ registered \ trademark \ of \ Corning \ Incorporated.$

High Flow Housings for Medium to High Pressure Applications

Features

Stainless steel construction Pressure to 206 barg Temperature to 204°C Ideal for high-pressure applications

Models EU27/35, EU27/80 and 15/80S6

The model EU27/XX and 15/80S6 housings are among the largest 316 stainless steel filters available with high-pressure capability.

The EU27/35 and EU27/80 housings are used when 55 barg rating is required. The EU27/35-3000 and EU27/80-3000 models are suitable for service up to 206 barg. The model 15/80S6 is designed for 2" pipe systems and pressures to 35 barg.



MODEL EU27/35 & EU27/80

MODEL 15/80S6

Principal Specifications

Model	EU27/35	EU27/35-3000	EU27/80	EU27/80-3000	15/8056	
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1" NPT	1" NPT	1" NPT	1" NPT	2" NPT	
Drain Port	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	
Materials of Construction						
Head	316SS ⁽¹⁾	316SS ⁽¹⁾	316SS ⁽¹⁾	316SS ⁽¹⁾	316SS (II)	
Bowl	316SS ⁽¹⁾	316SS ⁽¹⁾	316SS ⁽¹⁾	316SS ⁽¹⁾	316SS (1)	
Internals	316SS ⁽¹⁾	316SS ⁽¹⁾	316SS ⁽¹⁾	316SS ⁽¹⁾	316SS (I)	
Seals	Viton	Viton	Viton	Viton	Viton	
Maximum Temperature	204°C	204°C	204°C	204°C	204°C	
Maximum Pressure	55 barg ⁽²⁾	206 barg ⁽²⁾	55 barg ⁽²⁾	206 barg ⁽²⁾	35 barg ⁽²⁾	
Shipping Weight	7.3kg	11.4kg	9.1kg	11.4kg	14.5kg	
Dimensions	100mm x 410mm	110mm x 410mm	100mm x 690mm	110mm x 690mm	60mm x 710mm	

Ordering Information

•					
Filter Housing Model	EU27/35	EU27/35-3000	EU27/80	EU27/80-3000	15/8056
Support Core, Required for Liquid Filtration	SS-200-35	SS-200-35	SS-200-80	SS-200-80	SS-200-80
Filter Cartridges	200-35-□	200-35-□	200-80-□	200-80-□	200-80-□
Use Only These Filter Models	Q, X, H	Q, X, H	Q, X, H	Q, X, H	Q, X, H
Mounting Bracket	11027	11027	11027	11027	

- Constructed of materials which comply with NACE Specification MR-01-75. Certificate of compliance available on request.

 Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 93°C. Please consult factory for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures. Requires element retainer part # 27900

Viton*, is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.

High Pressure Filter Housings

Features

Stainless steel construction Pressure to 345 barg Temperature to 204°C Ideal for removing solids and large quantities of liquid from gases

The model 85 filter housing is constructed of 316 stainless steel and has a pressure rating of 345 barg. This model can accommodate X-model filter cartridges and is used when a larger quantity of liquid is expected.

Models EU37/12 and EU37/25

These T-model filter housings are also constructed of 316 stainless steel and have a 276 barg rating. These models are used as sample filters for on-line sample analysers when a larger line size, higher flow rate or larger bowl reservoir capacity is required.



MODEL EU37/25

Principal Specifications

Model	85	EU37/12	EU37/25
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/4" NPT	1/2" NPT	1/2" NPT
Drain Port	1/4" NPT	1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT
Materials of Construction			
Head	316SS ^(II)	316SS ⁽¹⁾	316SS ^[1]
Bowl	316SS ^{III}	316SS ⁽¹⁾	316SS ⁽¹⁾
Internals	316SS ⁽¹⁾	316SS ⁽¹⁾	316SS ⁽¹⁾
Seals	Viton	Viton	Viton
Maximum Temperature	204°C	204°C ^[2]	204°C ^[2]
Maximum Pressure	345 barg ^[2]	276 barg ^[2]	276 barg
Shipping Weight	1.8kg	2.7kg	4.5kg
Dimensions	60 x 130mm	70 x 150mm	70 x 250mm

Ordering Information

Filter Housing Model	85	EU37/12	EU37/25
Support Core, Required for Liquid Filtration	Included	SS-100-12	SS-100-25
Filter Cartridges	050-11-□	100-12-□	100-25-□
Use Only These Filter Models	X, H, Q, S	X, H, Q, S	X, H, Q, S
Mounting Bracket	11085	11038-UK	11038-UK

- Constructed of materials which comply with NACE Specification MR-01-75. Certificate of compliance available on request. Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 93°C. Please consult factory for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures.

Viton°, is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.

Faster Loop Filters

Features

All 316 Stainless steel construction

Accept Balston disposable microfibre filter cartridges and stainless steel cartridges

Compact design for fast response time

Process stream inlet/outlet ports and sample flow ports are identical, eliminating backup pressure in the system



Model 41GCFL-1/4 Low Pressure



Model 48S6



Model 49S6

Description

Parker fast loop filters are constructed of 316 stainless steel with an optional stainless steel or pyrex bowl. This flow through design continuously flushes the filter cartridge carrying the contaminates back out to the process stream, thus maximizing the filter cartridge life.

Two designs are available. The T-model is suitable for high flow, high volume applications and the inline is ideal for heavily contaminated applications.

Operation

Axial velocity flushes the bulk contaminants through the filter housing back to the process stream. The sample stream passes through the filter cartridge wall with low flow and radial velocity. The clean side of the sample filter system has very low volume which minimizes lag time. This continuous flushing will typically extend filter life by a factor of 4.

Principal Specifications

Model	31GCFL-1/4	41GCFL-1/4	4856	4956	
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/2" NPT	
Drain Port	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT			
Materials of Construction					
Head	316 SS	316 SS	316 SS	316 SS	
Bowl (1)	Pyrex	Pyrex	316SS	316SS	
Internals	316SS	316SS	316 SS	316 SS	
Seals	Viton	Viton	Viton	Viton	
Maximum Temperature	71°C	71°C	204°C	204°C	
Maximum Pressure (2)	7 barg (3)	7 barg (3)	345 barg	103 barg	
Shipping Weight	0.9kg	1.8kg	0.17kg	0.39kg	
Dimensions	57mm x 140mm	57mm x 250mm	32mm x 100mm	48mm x 178mm	

Ordering Information

Filter Housing Model	31GCFL-1/4	41GCFL-1/4	4856	4956
Support Core, Required for Liquid Filtration	SS-100-12	SS-100-25	Included	Included
Filter Cartridges	100-12-□	100-25-□	050-11-□	100-185-□
Use Only These Filter Models	X,H,Q,S,SSC	X,H,Q,S,SSC	X,H,Q	X,H,Q
Mounting Bracket	11038-UK	11038-UK		

Notes:

- Available in all stainless steel construction. Order 31S6CFL-1/4 or 41S6CFL-1/4.
- Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 104° C. Please contact Parker for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures. Maximum pressure for stainless steel version is 29 barg.

Petrol Vehicle Emission Analysers

Features

Complete removal of solid particles, condensed water and oils

Long filter life even in high use conditions No effect by the filter on the composition of the sample gas

Complete analyser protection

Disposable Filter Units (DFU) (see page 16)

These plastic inline disposable filters provide the same high standard of filtration associated with the Balston and Finite brands from Parker.

You can choose fine solids removal, liquid removal by coalescing element and vapour removal by the use of our activated carbon media.

Different grades of filter are available to suit your particular needs for protection and life. The Twist-Lok design (see page 15) is a plastic inline filter with two stage replaceable filters.

Model 58N

The Model 58N housing is a rugged, economical housing. The materials are resistant and non-absorbent to all components of the sample stream. The Grade 404 microfibre filter cartridges were developed specifically for use in sample lines to petrol engine analysers.



When installed with inside-to-outside flow direction, the filter cartridges are efficient, fast-draining coalescing filters. When installed with outside-to-inside flow direction, the pure white surface of the filter tube permits quick visual estimation of life.

Model ETF

The Model ETF housing is a low-pressure filter designed for vehicle emissions, analyser protection. The all plastic body is in two parts; the head is fixed in the line and the bowl complete with fitted cartridge is self contained and replaceable. Typically a grade 8G element is fitted which can be used as a coalescer to remove liquids or for fine particulate removal. For other grades contact Parker.

Principal Specifications

Model	Model 58N	Model ETF
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT
Drain Port	1/8" NPT	8mm
Materials of Construction		
Head	Nylon	Glass filled polypropylene
Bowl	Polycarbonate	Polypropylene
Internals	Nylon	
Seals	Buna	Buna
Maximum Temperature	66°C	52°C
Maximum Pressure	0.7 barg	0.7 barg
Shipping Weight	0.5kg	0.5kg
Dimensions	70mm x 160mm	70mm x 122mm

Notes: Filter cartridge not included - must be ordered separately for 58N.

Ordering Information

Model 58N		Model ETF	
Replacement Filter Cartridges (box of 10) 100-12-404		Complete Assembly	ETF-8G
		Replacement Bowl complete with cartridge	RBA-8G
		Replacement Head	ETF x 1

Diesel Vehicle Emission Analysers

Features

Long filter life with internal prefilter
Totally inorganic filter cartridge is inert
and contains no extractables
Temperature capability to 315°C
Filter housing designed for convenient
external heating



MODEL 38/12

The Problem

Diesel exhaust has a high concentration of suspended solid particles and non-volatile liquid droplets. It also has high dewpoint and therefore must be kept hot to prevent liquid condensing and affecting the accuracy of the analysis. To avoid contamination of sample lines with dirt and oil, most diesel engine analysis systems are designed with the primary filter close to the inlet of the sample system. The filter is externally heated to prevent liquid condensation when the system is started up. However, during prolonged operation the filter is subjected to engine exhaust gas temperatures which are normally between 176°C and 232°C and occasionally get as high as 315°C.

Principal Specifications

Model	38/12	38/25
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT
Materials of Construction		
Head	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel
Bowl	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel
Internals	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel
Seals	Silicone	Silicone
Maximum Temperature	315°C	315°C
Maximum Pressure	1.5 barg	1.5 barg
Shipping Weight	2.3kg	1.8kg
Dimensions	60mm X 240mm	60mm X 360mm

Ordering Information

Model		
Standard Length	38/25	100-25-DH21 ⁽¹⁾ [box of 10]
Short Length	38/12	100-12-DH21 ⁽¹⁾ (box of 10)

Notes:

Filter cartridge not included. Must be ordered separately

Ordering Information

1. If an H-Model filter element is being used order a modified element retainer kit, P/N 30205.

The Solution

Model 38 filters, designed specifically for diesel engine exhaust, are all stainless steel housings with silicone seals (maximum temperature 315°C). The 1/4" NPT inlet and outlet ports are located at one end of the cylindrical body and the bayonet closure for changing the filter cartridge is located at the opposite end. To maintain constant temperature, the body may be wrapped in heating tape or enclosed in an oven. The novel closure design permits an operator wearing gloves to replace a filter element rapidly, without disturbing the heating provisions or gas flow connections.

The filter housing may be oriented horizontally, vertically or at any other convenient attitude. The standard size Model 38/25 housing has a 25cm long body. Where the installation requires a smaller size housing, the Model 38/12 with 14cm long body is available. The Grade DH21 filter cartridge, composed of borosilicate glass microfibres and inorganic binder, is inert to all components in the gas and stable to 482°C. The retention efficiency is 93% of 0.1 micron particles and 100% of 2 micron and larger particles. With flow direction through the filter tube inside-to-outside, the internal prefilter in the Grade DH21 cartridge provides satisfactory life in a relatively dirty environment. Since the dirt is trapped on the inside of the cartridge, the external surface of the cartridge and the filter housing remain free of contaminants.

Alternative Fuel

Features

Complete removal of solid particles, condensed water and oils
Protection of Fuel Injectors and other precision components
Reduced maintenance
Extend equipment life





High Pressure

Low Pressure

Alternative Fuel Filters

Protecting the fuel injectors and precision components of an alternative fuel system is vital to efficient vehicle operation.

Parker is now offering the most complete line of fuel filter/
coalescers and prefilter/strainers for on-vehicle applications.

These filters ensure removal of damaging aerosol contamination as small as 0.3 to 0.6 microns, and exceeding 95% efficiency, depending on the grade of element specified. Units are available in a range of pressure ratings and are constructed of aluminium, stainless steel or painted steel.

The fuel filter/coalescer elements are produced by a patented process of arranging microglass fibres into a tubular form. During operation, fuel is forced through the coalescing media from the inside of the cartridge through the tubular wall to

the outside, where the large droplets fall to the bottom of the housing. Oily water emulsion accumulates until drained while the dirt particles remain trapped on the surface of the fibres. Fuel system engineers and NGV converters agree that a high quality filtration system is an essential alternative engine component. Installed upstream of the high-pressure regulator, the fuel filter/coalescer contributes to maximum uptime, reducing maintenance costs and extending the equipment's life cycle. In addition, some engineers favour the installation of a downstream filter/coalescer to protect the low-pressure regulator and other injection system components.

For pressure equipment (PED) compliance and ECE R110 contact Parker for further details.

Principal Specifications

	FFC-116	FFC-112 FFC-112SAE	FFC-110	FFC-110L	FFC-113	FFC-114
Model	Coalescer	Coalescer	Coalescer	Coalescer	Coalescer	Coalescer
Port	1/4" NPT	1/4" or 9/16"SAE	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/2" NPT	1/2" NPT
Barg (Max.)	345	248	34	34	248	240
Rated Flow m ³ /h at 7 barg	14	25	42	84	84	84
Length mm	98	120	182	264	205	178
Diameter mm	45	57	80	80	75	75
Drain Port Size	1/4"	3/8" SAE	1/8"	1/8"	9/16 SAE-6	9/16 SAE-6
Weight Kg	0.8	0.68	0.68	0.82	2.5	2.4
Element Number	CLS116-10	CLS112-10	CLS110-10	CLS110-10L	CLS113-6	CLS113-6
Sump Capacity ml	7.4	14.8	148	207	148	89
Material	316SS	Anodised Aluminium	Powder Painted Chromated Aluminium	Powder Painted Chromated Aluminium	303SS	303SS

Steam Filters - Food Industry

Features

Remove 98+% of 0.01 micron particles and 100% of all visible particles

Remove liquid condensate at the same efficiency as for solid particles

Remove essentially all non-volatile boiler feedwater additives

Stop carryover of boiler feedwater chemicals

Benefits

Balston Steam Filters eliminate particulate contamination of food products caused by direct contact with dirty steam. Other benefits include: reduction in steam condensate mixing with food products when steam is used for agitating, mixing or cooking; elimination of taste and odour problems by reducing boiler feedwater carryover; reduction of maintenance requirements.

Balston Steam Filters

There are numerous steam sterilisation standards, Parker meets all necessary European design regulations and is also in full compliance with the requirements of the US Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act. They also meet the regulations for Indirect Food Additives used as Basic Components for Repeated Use Food Contact Surfaces as specified in 21 CFR Part 177 and Current Good Manufacturing Practices, 21 CFR Part 110. These filters have been accepted by the USDA for use in federally inspected meat and poultry plants. Balston Steam Filters are in full compliance with the 3A Accepted Practices (Number 609-00) for producing steam of culinary quality. They are also in full compliance with the requirements of the Canadian Health Protection Branch.



MODEL SP6-23/75SR

Recommended Steam Filters

For 3/4" and 1" Steam Lines

Model 23/75SR is recommended in smaller lines with a steam flow of up to 227kg per hour. The filter is complete with filter cartridge, steam trap and bleeder valve.

For 1-1/2" Steam Lines

Model SP3-23/75SR is recommended. It will filter up to 680kg of steam per hour. Each of the three filters has its own steam trap. A master trap disposes of most condensate before it reaches the filters. Manifolds can be connected to flow from left to right or right to left.

For 2" Steam Lines

Model SP4-23/75SR is recommended. It will filter up to 907kg of steam per hour. The Model SP6-23/75SR will filter up to 1361kg of steam per hour. Steam trap and manifold features are the same as the Model SP3-3/75.

Principal Specifications

Model	A23/75SR	SP3-23/75SR	SP4-23/75SR	SP6-23/75SR
Port Size	1" BSPT	1 1/2" NPT	2" NPT	2" NPT
Maximum Pressure	8.6 barg	8.6 barg	8.6 barg	8.6 barg
Flow Rate	227kg/hr	680kg/hr	907kg/hr	1361kg/hr
Materials of Construction	304 SS	304 SS	304 SS	304 SS
Seals (2)	EPR	EPR	EPR	EPR
Shipping Weight	12kg	86kg	100kg	127kg
Dimensions	180 x 880mm	740 x 1220 x 530mm ⁽¹⁾	910 x 1220 x 530mm (1)	1270 x 1220 x 530mm ⁽¹⁾

Ordering Information

Model	A23/75SR	SP3-23/75SR	SP4-23/75SR	SP6-23/75SR
Model ⁽²⁾	23/75SR	SP3-23/75SR	SP4-23/75SR	SP6-23/75SR
Replacement Filter Cartridges (Box of 10) [3]	200-75-SR	200-75-SR	200-75-SR	200-75-SR
Filter Cartridges per housing	1	3	4	6

Notes: 1. Each SP3, SP4, SP6 filter is supplied mounted on a stand. 2. Constructed of food grade EPR. 3. Each Steam Filter Assembly is supplied with filter cartridges installed.

Steam Filters - Sterilisers

Features

Eliminates instrument staining, spotting and rusting caused by wet or dirty steam

Wrapped articles emerge from the steriliser cycle drier and cleaner

Reduced contamination of steriliser interiors. Expensive and time-consuming cleaning is significantly reduced or eliminated

Reduced maintenance of steriliser steam control valves, door seals, and other rubber materials in the steriliser



MODEL A23/75R

How the Balston Steam Filter works

The A23/75R Steam Filter contains a patented Microfibre filter cartridge in a rugged stainless steel housing designed especially for steam service. Included as standard items with the 23R Steam Filter are a stainless steel condensate drain and a high quality bleeder valve. Steam enters the housing and moves into an expansion chamber, where much of the condensate is removed from the steam by the abrupt change in flow direction and velocity. The steam then flows through the Grade R Microfibre filter cartridge. Water draining from the filter cartridges and expansion chamber is removed from the housing by the automatic condensate drain. The Grade R Microfibre filter cartridge combines sturdy construction with remarkably efficient filtration of solid particles and liquid droplets.

The cartridge is rated at 98+% at 0.1 micron. Solid particles remain trapped in the depth of the filter cartridge and water drips from the filter cartridge to the automatic drain. The Microfibre filter cartridge is constructed from chemically inert borosilicate glass fibres and fluorocarbon resin binder. The filter cartridge is completely free of impurities, which could extract into the steam. The Balston A23/75R Steam Filter is recommended for use on 3/4" and 1" steam lines (line sizes for the vast majority of hospital sterilisers). Please consult our technical support department for recommendations on filters for larger steam lines. Use only products designed specifically for steam filtration in steam installations.

Principal Specifications

Model	A23/75R
Size	1" BSPP ⁽¹⁾
Designation	200-75-R ⁽²⁾
Head	304SS
Bowl	304SS
Internals	304SS
Seals	EPR
Pressure	5.5 barg
Weight	11kg
Flow Rate	160kg/hr (5.5 barg working pressure)

Ordering Information

Model	A23/75R
Automatic Drain	Included
No. Filter Cartridges Required	1
Replacement Filter Cartridges (box of 15)	200-75-R

Notes

- The 1" port size can be installed in a 3/4" line by using the appropriate reducing bushings.
 Each filter is supplied with one filter cartridge installed. Replacement filter cartridges are
- Each litter is supplied with one litter cartridge installed. Replacement litter cartridges are sold in boxes of 15. To order, use complete size and grade designation; for example 200-75-R.

Liquid Filters - Filter Cartridge and Housing Selection

Features

Filtration to 1 micron with exceptional filter life, even for the dirtiest liquids

Excellent chemical and solvent resistance Compliance with FDA regulations for food contact surfaces

Seven retention efficiency grades cover the range from 75 micron to 0.22 micron

LP Depth Filters

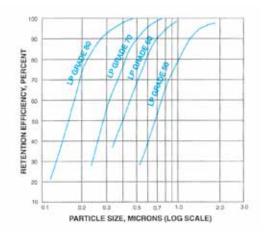
The LP-Grades 10, 20 and 30 depth filter cartridges are constructed entirely of polypropylene and the LP-Grade 50 is constructed of polypropylene, borosilicate glass and polyethylene binder. Both models of cartridges provide excellent chemical and solvent resistance. All LP cartridges have a graded efficiency construction: the filtration efficiency increases from the inside surface to the outside surface, in the direction of flow. This construction provides exceptionally high solids holding capacity, which translates into a longer life of the filter cartridge. The seven retention efficiency grades offered cover the ranges from 75 micron to 0.22 micron (see table, below).

The Balston LP depth filter cartridges may be used for fine filtration of liquids with heavy dirt loading, when chemical or solvent resistance is required, or as prefilters to ultra-high efficiency or membrane filtration applications.

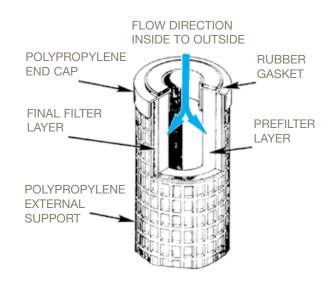
Retention Efficiency Ratings

LP Depth Filter Cartridges

Grade	80% Capture Rating
10	75 micron
20	25 micron
30	10 micron
50	1 micron



LP Depth Filters



Liquid Filters - Plastic Housings

Model 90

The Model 90 filter holder is designed to accept grade X or Q model filter cartridges. This model is used as the inlet filter on air, gas or liquid sample analysers. It can also be used as a vent/ breather filter on storage vessels. The disposable filter cartridge is easily replaced in the field, requiring no tools.

Miniature Model 58P Housing

Has a nylon head, nylon internals and a clear nylon bowl. The Model 58P Housing accepts a single LP cartridge and may be used to filter mildly acidic or caustic solutions.

Model 53 Housings

Are all polypropylene, designed for a single LP-200 filter cartridge. Polypropylene construction provides excellent resistance to non-oxidising acids, such as HCl in any concentration, sulphuric to 70% concentration, brines, hydrocarbon liquids, alcohols and concentrated caustic.

The Model 53 Housings may be used with certain ketones and chlorinated solvents. Please contact Parker for specific recommendations.



Model 58P



Model 53/18, 53/50 and 53/95



Model 54/50

Principal Specifications

Model	90	58P	53/18	53/50	53/95	54/50	
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/4" tubing	1/4" NPT	3/8" NPT	3/4" NPT	3/4" NPT	3/4" NPT	
Materials of Construction	Materials of Construction						
Head	Polypropylene	Nylon	Polypropylene	Polypropylene	Polypropylene	Polypropylene	
Bowl	Polypropylene	Nylon	Polypropylene	Polypropylene	Polypropylene	SAN	
Internals	-	Nylon	-	-	-	-	
Seals	-	EPR	EPR	EPR	EPR	EPR	
Maximum Temperature	52°C	66°C	52°C	52°C	52°C	38°C	
Maximum Pressure ⁽²⁾	4.1 barg	8.6 barg	8.6 barg	8.6 barg	8.6 barg	8.6 barg	
Maximum Differential Pressure ^[3]		4 bar	4 bar	4 bar	4 bar	4 bar	
Shipping Weight	0.1kg	0.5kg	1.4kg	1.8kg	2.7kg	1.8kg	
Dimensions	40 x 100mm	70 x 160mm	110 x 170mm	130 x 300mm	130 x 560mm	130 x 300mm	

Ordering Information

Model	90	58P	53/18	53/50	53/95	54/50
LP Filter Cartridges, Depth Filters (4)	100-12-□	LP-100-12-□	LP-200-18-□	LP-200-50-□	LP-200-95-□	LP-200-50-□
Mounting Bracket	-	-	11039	11039	11039	11039
Number of Cartridges Required	-	1	1	1	1	1

- Plastic barbs are available to connect the 7700-12 to plastic rubber tubing. 7700-12 to 1/4" ID tubing Part No. 12415 (bag of 2). 7700-12 to 1/2" tubing, Part No. 12416 (bag of 2). Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 125°F (52°C). Please consult the Technical Services Dept. for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures.
- Inside-out flow, LP filter cartridges.
- To order filter cartridges, indicate grade number after size designation. For example, to obtain 0.22 micron depth filter cartridges for the model 53/18, order LP-200-18-80. 7700-12 is supplied with any grade LP cartridge. To order, put appropriate grade number after 7700-12 designation. For example, to order with LP grade 20 cartridge, order part number 7700-12-20. 7700-12- filters are sold one per box.

Liquid Filters - Stainless Steel Housings

Features

316 stainless steel construction Pressures to 276 barg Temperature to 82°C (limited by LP cartridge) Ideal for high-pressure applications

Models EU37/12 and EU37/25

These T-model filter housings are also constructed of 316 stainless steel, and have a 276 barg rating. These models are used as sample filters for on-line sample analysers when a larger line size, higher flow rate or larger bowl reservoir capacity is required.

Model 27 Housings

Model 27 housings are constructed of 316 stainless steel. These models have 1" NPT ports and are rated to 55 barg. The model 27 housings hold a single LP-200 filter cartridge, available in 10" or 20" length.



MODEL EU27/50 & EU27/95

Principal Specifications

Model ⁽¹⁾	EU37/12	EU37/25	EU27/50	EU27/95			
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/2" NPT	1/2" NPT	1" NPT	1" NPT			
Drain Port	1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT			
Materials of Construction	Materials of Construction						
Head	316SS (1)	316SS (1)	316SS	316SS			
Bowl	316SS (1)	316SS (1)	316SS	316SS			
Internals	316SS (1)	316SS (1)					
Seals	Viton	Viton	Viton	Viton			
Maximum Temperature ⁽²⁾	82°C	82°C	82°C	82°C			
Maximum Pressure	276 barg	276 barg	55 barg	55 barg			
Maximum Differential Pressure	4 bar	4 bar	4 bar	4 bar			
Shipping Weight	2.7kg	4.5kg	7.3kg	9.0kg			
Dimensions	70 x 150mm	70 x 260mm	100 x 410mm	100 x 690mm			

Ordering Information

Housing Model ⁽¹⁾	EU37/12	EU37/25	EU27/50	EU27/95
Filter Cartridge ⁽³⁾	LP-100-12-□	LP-100-25-□	LP-200-50-□	LP-200-95-□

- Constructed of materials which comply with NACE specification MR-01-75. Request certificate of compliance.
- Limited by maximum temperature of LP filter cartridges
- To order filter cartridges, indicate grade by putting appropriate grade number after size designation. For example, to obtain 0.22 micron depth filter cartridges for the model 27/50, order LP-200-50-80.

Liquid Filters - Disposable Filter Units for Liquids

Features

Filter samples to on-line liquid analysers
Prevent cross-contamination of samples
Pressure ratings up to 8.6 barg
Temperature to 135°C
Completely disposable, constructed of recyclable plastics

Disposable Filter Units

Balston Microfibre® Disposable Filter Unit (DFU) consists of a Microfibre Filter Cartridge permanently bonded into a sealed plastic holder with 8.6 barg pressure rating. The economical DFU offers all the advantages of Microfibre Filter Cartridges for high efficiency liquid filtrations, combined with the convenience of complete disposability. The 1/4" O.D. ports permit pressure-tight connections using standard compression fittings. Slip-on 1/4" tubing or plastic barbs may be used for low-pressure applications.

The housings are available in two different materials of construction: clear nylon or corrosion-resistant (opaque) PVDF. The nylon DFU's are designated with the prefix 9933, and the PVDF DFU's are designated with the prefix 9922.

Model 9922-05

The Model 9922-05 DFU's are the smallest DFU's available. They have an internal volume of less than 12ml. The DFU's may be used in low flow liquid applications or sampling systems which require short retention times.

Model 9933-11

The Model 9933-11 DFU's are similar in construction to the Model 9922-05 DFU's, but they have approximately twice the solids holding capacity. The 9933-11 DFU's may be used in higher flow liquid applications or in sampling applications where longer retention times are acceptable.





Retention Efficiency Ratings

DFU Grade	98% Retention Particle Size
DQ	25 micron
CQ	8 micron
BQ	2 micron
AQ	0.9 micron
AAQ	0.3 micron

DFU Model	Volume of Housing	Initial Pressure	ure Water Flow Rate, litres per minute				
DFO Model	Litres	Drop bar	Grade DQ	Grade CQ	Grade BQ	Grade AQ	Grade AAQ
9922-05 / 4433-05 / 9933-05	0.1	0.07	0.76	0.63	0.19	0.09	0.03
	0.1	0.34	1.90	1.58	0.95	0.46	0.12
9922-11 / 9933-11	0.02	0.07	1.14	0.95	0.34	0.16	0.04
	0.02	0.34	2.84	2.33	1.64	0.76	0.20

Principal Specifications

Model	9922.05	9933-05	4433-05	9922-11	9933-11
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/4" Tubing	1/4" Tubing	1 st Tier/Barb 1/4" Tubing 2 nd Tier/Barb 3/8" Tubing	1/4" Tubing	1/4" Tubing
Materials of Construction	PVDF	Nylon	Nylon	PVDF	Nylon
Maximum Temperature ⁽¹⁾	135°C	110°C	110°C	135°C	110°C
Maximum Pressure (2)	8.6 barg	8.6 barg	8.6 barg	8.6 barg	8.6 barg
Dimensions	25 x 60mm	25 x 60mm	25 x 87.2mm	36 x 120mm	36 x 120mm

Ordering Information

Model	9922.05	9933-05	4433-05	9922-11	9933-11
Box of 10 DFU's	9922-05-□	9933-05-□	4433-05-□	9922-11-□	9933-05-□
Grades Supplied	DQ, CQ, BQ, AQ, AAQ				

Notes:

- 1 At 0 barg. 2 At 43°C
- Installation Information: Please contact the Technical Services Department for manufacturers of compression and brass fittings.

To Pressure Pipe or Tubing: Connector 1/4" tubing to 1/4" NPT female P/N 11970 (1 per kg). Connector 1/4" tubing to 1/4' tubing P/N 11971 (1 per kg).

Tubing with 1/4" ID may be slipped over the DFU and fittings and held with tubing clamps. Parker supplies plastic barbs to connect the DFU to smaller diameter tubing. The connection is suitable for pressures up to 3.5 barg.

DFU to 1/16" tubing P/N 1400 (bag of 20 barbs). DFU to 1/8" tubing P/N 14001 (bag of 20 barbs).

Chemical Compatability

Models 9922-05, 9922-11

Suitable: Water or steam to 135°C; concentrated nitric, sulfuric and hypochloric acids; chlorine (gas or liquid); sodium hypochlorite, ethylene oxide (gas or liquid); Ferons; ammonia (gas, liquid, or aqueous solutions); hydrogen peroxide (all concentrations); bromine (dry and aqueous solutions); all chlorinated solvents except methylene chloride; all aromatic and aliphatic solvents; all alcohols and glycols; aniline; phenol.

Limited Use: Acetone; MEK; dioxane; furfural; methylene chloride.

Unsuitable: Water above 135°C; THF; DMF; ethylene diamine; chlorosulphonic acid; ethanolamine; pyridine; sulphur trioxide.

Models 9933-05, 9933-11, 4433-05

Suitable: Water to 70°C; benzene, toluene, other aromatic hydrocarbons; hydrocarbon solvents and fuels; perchloroethylene; trichloroethylene; nitric acid (to 10%); sulphuric acid (to 40%); hydrochloric acid (to 10%); most salt solutions; sodium and potassium hydroxide (to 50%).

Limited Use: Water at 80°C; acetone; MEK; acetaldehyde; ammonia (to 25%)

Unsuitable: Water above 70°C; alcohols; glycols; phenol; aniline; DMF; concentrated acids; chlorine.

Stainless Steel Filters for Food Processing and Packaging

Ideal for all processing and packaging areas that are frequently washed down

Features

All 304 stainless steel construction, ideal standing up to aggressive washroom chemicals

Remove 99.99% of 0.01 micron particles of oil, water and dirt from compressed air and other gases

For sterile air requirements

Remove all viable organisms

USDA accepted for use in federally inspected meat and poultry plants

Low pressure drop

Continuously trap and drain liquids

Remove trace oil vapour with adsorbent cartridges



Benefits

Balston Stainless Steel Filters protect your equipment and delicate instruments from the dirt, water and oil usually found in compressed air and other gases. These filters will remove contaminants at a very high efficiency - up to 99.99% for 0.01 micron particles and droplets. Liquid releases from the filter cartridge to an automatic drain as rapidly as it enters the filter. This allows the filter to continue removing liquids for an unlimited time without loss of efficiency or flow capacity. Select 1/4" to 1" line filters are constructed of 304 stainless steel and are designed to hold up to the harshest environments.

Model 6004

The 6002 series models are 1/4" line size filters designed for lower flow systems and installations with space limitations. It is offered with two drain options, a manual drain or an auto float drain for maintenance free operation.

Model 6004

The 6004 series models are 1/2" line size filters designed for moderate flow rate systems. This series has increased liquid holding capacity which safeguards sensitive end use points from system upsets and morning start-ups.

Model 6006 and 6008

The 6006 and 6008 series models are 3/4" and 1" line size filters respectively. These are designed for high flow rate systems servicing mutiple end use points. These are also offered with a high capacity auto float drain option.

Sterile Air Filters

Balston grade SA filter cartridges, rated at 99.9999+% efficiency for 0.01 micron particles, is at least 30 times better than the accepted standard for sterile air filters developed by independent research organisations in the U.S. and U.K. (request bulletin T1-105A for a detailed discussion on Balston filter efficiency rating procedure, and Bulletin T1-935 for an independent test report on Balston Sterile Air Filters). Balston Sterile Air Filters are in full compliance with the requirements of the FDA.

Steam Sterilisation Procedure

In installations where the sterile air filter requires steam sterilisation, we recommend the following procedures:

The steam sterilisation pressure should not exceed 4 barg. Preferably, it should be held to 3 barg or less. A typical sterilisation cycle is 2 barg steam for 30 minutes. Steaming time can be increased as desired without harm to the filter cartridges. The steam flow should not exceed the normal air flow for the unit. To ensure no build-up of condensate in the housing, condensate should be drained from the filter by a condensate drain valve during the steaming process. The cleanliness of the steam is an important factor influencing the life of the Sterile Air Filter cartridges. Parker strongly recommends using Model 23 Steam Filters to ensure optimum operating life (see page 37). When autoclaving, the Grade SA filter cartridges will tolerate temperatures to 149°C in dry gas. Viton° or other heat resistant seals should be used in the housing.

Viton* is a registered trademark of Dupont Dow Elastomers.

Principal Specifications

Model	6002N	6004N	6006N	6008N
Port Size	1/4"	1/2"	3/4"	1"
Materials of Construction				
Head	304 Stainless Steel	304 Stainless Steel	304 Stainless Steel	304 Stainless Steel
Bowl	304 Stainless Steel	304 Stainless Steel	304 Stainless Steel	304 Stainless Steel
Internals	Nylon	Nylon	Stainless Steel	Stainless Steel
Seals	Buna-N Food Grade	Buna-N Food Grade	Buna-N Food Grade	Buna-N Food Grade
Maximum Temperature ⁽¹⁾	49°C	49°C	49°C	49°C
Maximum Pressure [2]	17 barg	17 barg	17 barg	17 barg
Minimum Pressure ⁽³⁾	1 barg	1 barg	1 barg	1 barg
Shipping Weight	1.6 kg	1.8 kg	5 kg	5.5 kg
Dimensions	70 x 180mm	70 x 250mm	100 x 250mm	100 x 300mm

Notes: 1. Max. temperature with auto drain. Max. temperature with manual drain is 135°C. 2. Max. pressure with auto drain. Max. pressure with manual drain is 17 barg 3. Required for proper operation of auto drain.

Replacement Filter Cartridge Ordering Information

Model	6002N	6004N	6006N	6008N
Replacement Filter Cartridges				
Number required	1	1	1	1
Box of 5	5/100-12-(*X)	5/100-18-(*X)	5/200-176-(*X)	5/200-185-(*X)
Box of 10	100-12-(*X)	100-18-(*X)	200-176-(*X)	200-185-(*X)
Box of 10	100-12-SA	100-18-SA	200-176-SA	200-185-SA
CI Cartridges (box of 1)	CI100-12-000	CI100-18-000	CI200-176-000	CI200-185-000

(*replace with B or D)

Ordering Information

6002 1/4" Ports 6004 1/2" Ports 6006 3/4" Ports 6008 1" Ports G = BSPT Thread Inlet and Outlet Ports Inlet and Outlet Ports G = BSPT Thread Inlet and Outlet Ports BX OA2 Manual Drain Filter Grade 0000 SA DX BX				
Leave blank for no filter cartridge	6004 1/2" Ports 6006 3/4" Ports	Inlet and Outlet Ports G = BSPT Thread	The France Brain	000 SA DX BX Leave blank for no

How to order the Filter Assembly

Build your own custom filter assembly using the guideline matrix (left) and specify your model number.

Example: 1/2" filter and Auto Drain with Grade DX Filter = 6004N-0A1-DX.

Flow Rates m³/hr at 0.14 barg drop at indicated line pressure

	Port Size	Filter Cartridge Barg									
Filter Housing Model		Grade	0.1	1.4	3	6	7	9	10	14	17
6002		DX	15	32	66	87	107	129	153	199	246
	1/4"	CX	5	14	19	36	42	53	61	80	99
	1/4	Cl	3	8	12	20	25	31	37	48	59
		SA	-	14	19	36	42	53	61	-	-
6004		DX	32	70	110	192	233	282	333	437	537
	1/2"	CX	15	32	51	87	107	129	153	199	246
		Cl	10	20	32	54	66	82	95	124	153
		SA	-	32	51	87	107	129	153	-	-
	3/4"	DX	63	133	209	364	440	535	630	822	1013
6006		CX	17	36	58	95	119	144	172	223	275
6006		Cl	14	27	44	75	90	110	129	168	207
		SA	-	36	58	95	119	144	172	-	-
6008	1"	DX	93	195	308	533	646	787	928	1208	1490
		CX	19	39	63	109	131	160	189	245	302
		Cl	17	34	54	95	114	139	163	212	262
		SA	-	34	70	116	144	177	209	-	-

Sterile Gas

Features

1/4" to 1" steam sterilisable air filters
Remove all viable organisms
Inline steam sterilisation
Low pressure drop
Full compliance with FDA requirements
USDA accepted for use in federally
inspected meat and poultry plants



Balston Sterile Air Filters

Balston grade SA filter cartridges, rated at 99.9999+% efficiency for 0.01 micron particles, is at least 30 times better than the accepted standard for sterile air filters developed by independent research organizations in the U.S. and U.K. (request Bulletin TI-105A for a detailed discussion on Balston filter efficiency rating procedure, and Bulletin TI-935 for an independent test report on Balston Sterile Air Filters). Balston Sterile Air Filters are in full compliance with the requirements of the FDA.

Here's what one of your colleagues found: A Balston sterile air filter assembly, University of Massachusetts, Department of Food Science and Nutrition, under the direction of Professor David A. Evans. Ph.D.

"This sterile air system produced commercially sterile air and, to the limits of detection, no viable colonies of microorganisms were found". - Professor David A. Evans, Ph.D.

Principal Specifications

• •						
	A33B	A45B	A27/35B	A27/80B		
Inlet and Outlet Ports	1/4" NPT	1/2" NPT	1" NPT	1" NPT		
Drain Port	1/8" NPT	1/8" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT		
Materials of Construction	Materials of Construction					
Head	316SS	316SS	316SS	316SS		
Bowl	316SS	316SS	316SS	316SS		
Internals	316SS	316SS	316SS	316SS		
Seals [1]	Viton	Viton	Viton	Viton		
Maximum Temperature	204°C	204°C	204°C	204°C		
Maximum Pressure [2]	29 barg	17 barg	55 barg	55 barg		
Maximum Steam Pressure for Sterilisation	4 barg	4 barg	4 barg	4 barg		
Shipping Weight	1 kg	2 kg	7 kg	9 kg		
Dimensions	70 x 120mm	70 x 210mm	100 x 400mm	100 x 690mm		

Ordering Information

Model	АЗЗВ	A45B	A27/35B	A27/80B
Assembly with Grade SA Filter Cartridge Filter Cartridges	A33B-SA	A45B-SA	A27/35B-SA	A27/80B-SA
Number Required	1	1	1	1
Box of 3	3/100-12-SA	3/100-25-SA	3/200-35-SA	3/200-80-SA
Box of 10	100-12-SA	100-25-SA	200-35-SA	200-80-SA
Mounting Bracket	11038-UK	11038-UK	11027	11027

Notes:

- Constructed of food grade Viton*.
- 2 Maximum pressure ratings are for temperatures to 54*C. Please contact Parker for maximum pressure ratings at elevated temperatures. Viton*, is a registered trademark of DuPont Dow Elastomers.

Stainless Steel Regulators and Filter Regulators



FR364-02CSS



FB548-02DGCSS



FB11-04DGCSS



FR10-04CSS

Principal Specifications

Model	FR364-02CSS	FR10-04CSS	FB548-02DGCSS	FB11-04DGCSS
Flow	27 m ³ /h	135 m ³ /h	34 m ³ /h	122 m ³ /h
Port Size	1/4" NPT	1/2" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/2" NPT
Gauge Port	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT
Drain	-	-	Manual	Manual (automatic optional)
Filter Rating	-	-	5 micron	5 micron
Outlet Pressure Range	0-8.5 barg	0-8.5 barg	0-8.5 barg	0-8.5 barg
Max Inlet Pressure	20.7 barg	20 barg	20.7 barg	20.7 barg
Temperature Range	4.4-65.6°C	4.4°C - 65.6°C	4.4°C -65.6°C	4.4°C -65.6°C
Weight	0.2 Kg	0.81 Kg	0.28 Kg	1.1 Kg
Operation	Fluorocarbon Diaphragm	Fluorocarbon Diaphragm	Fluorocarbon Diaphragm	Fluorocarbon Diaphragm
Relieving	Standard (non-relieving optional)	Standard (non-relieving optional)	Standard (non-relieving optional)	Standard (non-relieving optional)
Bowl Capacity	-	-	30 ml	118 ml
Materials of Construction				
Body	316 Stainless Steel	316 Stainless Steel	316 Stainless Steel	316 Stainless Steel
Bowl	-	-	316 Stainless Steel	316 Stainless Steel
Spring Cage	Celcon	Glass-filled Celcon	Celcon	Glass-filled Celcon
Inner Valve	316 Stainless Steel	316 Stainless Steel	316 Stainless Steel	316 Stainless Steel
Bottom Plug	316 Stainless Steel	316 Stainless Steel	-	-
Seals	Fluorocarbon	Fluorocarbon	Fluorocarbon	Fluorocarbon
Adjustment Mechanism	316 Stainless Steel Spring and 316 Stainless Steel Adjusting Screw	316 Stainless Steel Spring and 316 Stainless Steel Adjusting Screw	316 Stainless Steel Spring and 316 Stainless Steel Adjusting Screw	316 Stainless Steel Spring and 316 Stainless Steel Adjusting Screw

High Pressure Drain Kits

Product Overview

High pressure compressed gas systems often contain excessive amounts of liquid aerosols. This liquid can best be removed by utilising Parker coalescing filters. A Grade (DX) filter followed by a Grade (BX) filter will remove greater than 99.995% of liquid water and/or oil carryover from the compressed gas system. This liquid can now be safely removed with Parker's NEW High Pressure Drains (JDK). These drains are fully-assembled and are constructed of 316 Stainless Steel. They include two needle valves, fittings, and a pipe reservoir.

The JDK Series is rated for 345 barg and connects to the bottom of the appropriate Parker vessel(1). These High Pressure Drains are offered in both vertical and horizontal orientations. The vertical orientation is ideal for applications in which there is adequate bowl removal clearance, while the horizontal orientation is ideal for applications with limited bowl removal clearance.

Operation

Parker's new High Pressure Drains will allow the user to safely remove condensate from a high pressure compressed gas system. Accurate operation of the drain involves keeping the first needle valve open and the second needle valve closed. The liquid that is coalesced from the filter will empty into the drain's high pressure reservoir and fill the internal volume with liquid.

When it is time to expel the liquid from the drain kit (usually on a preventative maintenance schedule), the top needle valve should be closed to shut off the system pressure. The bottom





needle valve should then be opened slowly since the liquid will discharge rapidly from the drain. This procedure should be repeated until all of the liquid has been removed from the filter bowl and drain reservoir.

All liquid should be collected and disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Principal Specifications

Model	JDK5000V	JDK5000H	
Description	Vertical ZJ-Series Drain	Horizontal ZJ-Series Drain	
Inlet	SAE-6	SAE-6	
Outlet	1/4" NPT	1/4" NPT	
Maximum Pressure [2]	345 barg	345 barg	
Maximum Temperature	38°C	38°C	

 $\textbf{Notes:}\ \ 1.\ Check\ the\ size\ and\ thread\ of\ the\ drain\ port\ on\ the\ vessel\ as\ an\ adapter\ may\ be\ required.$

APPLICATION NOTES

COALESCING FILTRATION: SEPARATING LIQUIDS FROM GASES

Microfibre Filter Cartridges efficiently separate suspended liquids from gases. The microfibres capture the fine liquid droplets suspended in the gas and cause the droplets to run together to form large drops within the depth of the filter cartridge. The large drops, forced by the gas, flow to the downstream surface of the filter cartridge, from which the liquid drains by gravity. This process is called "coalescing". Since the coalesced liquid drains from the cartridge at the same rate that liquid droplets enter the cartridge, the cartridge has an unlimited life when coalescing liquids from relatively clean gases, and the filters operate at their initial retention efficiency even when wet with liquid. Note that the flow direction is inside-to-outside, to permit the liquid to drip from the outside of the filter to the housing drain. Since the coalesced liquid drips from the downstream surface of the filter cartridge in the presence of filtered gas, it is important to avoid carryover, or entrainment, of liquid droplets by the gas leaving the filter housing. The possibility of entraining coalesced liquid is minimised by using an DX-Model filter cartridge. The X-Model filter cartridges are constructed of two layers, an inner high-efficiency coalescing layer and an outer layer of coarse glass fibers. The coarse, rapidly-draining outer layer ensures that the liquid drips continuously from the bottom of the filter cartridge and minimises the chance of liquid carryover. (The small internal volume of some filter housings does not permit use of the thick-wall X-Model cartridges, and therefore Q-Model cartridges must be used.) Re-entrainment of coalesced liquid is also avoided by ensuring that the gas flow rate through the housing is safely below the maximum shown in the flow charts on. For most requirements for removing liquid from gas samples, Grade DX or DQ filter cartridges should be used.

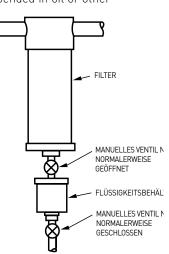
DRAINING COLLECTED LIQUID

If liquid is carried into the filter in slugs rather than dispersed as droplets in the gas, a filter which is properly sized for steady-state conditions can be flooded and permit liquid carryover. If slugging of liquid is expected, a filter with a relatively large bowl should be selected to provide adequate liquid holding capacity and provisions should be made to drain the liquid automatically from the bowl of the housing as fast as it accumulates. An automatic float drain can be used if the pressure is in the 0.7-28 barg (10-400 psig) range. Above 28 barg (400 psig), the possibilities are: a constant bleed drain, a valve with automatic timed actuator (supplied by customer), or an external reservoir with manual valves. The external reservoir can be constructed of pipe or tubing with sufficient volume to hold all the liquid which is expected to be collected during any period of unattended operation. If the filter is under vacuum, the external reservoir is a practical method of collecting coalesced liquid for manual draining from time to time. If an external vacuum source, such as an aspirator, is available, the liquid may be drained continuously from the housing drain port.

COALESCING FILTRATION: SEPARATING TWO LIQUID PHASES

In principle, Microfibre Filter Cartridges separate suspended droplets of a liquid which is immiscible in another liquid by the same process as they separate droplets of liquid from a gas. The liquid droplets suspended in the continuous liquid phase are trapped on the fibres and run together to form large drops, which are then forced through the filter to the downstream surface. The large drops separate from the continuous liquid phase by gravity difference, settling if heavier than the continuous phase and rising if lighter. The coalescing action of Parker filters is effective with aqueous droplets suspended in oil or other

hydrocarbons, and also with oil in water suspensions. In practice, liquid-liquid separations are much more difficult than liquid-gas separations. The specific gravity difference between two liquids is always less than between a liquid and a gas, and therefore a longer phase separation time is needed. Either the filter housing must be oversized or the flow rate greatly reduced to avoid carryover of the coalesced phase. As a rule of thumb, flow rate for liquid-liquid separation should be no more than one-fifth the flow rate for solid-liquid separation shown in the chart. Even at low flow rates, if the specific gravity difference between the two liquids is less than 0.1 units (for example, if an oil suspended in water has a specific gravity between 0.9 and 1.1), the separation time for the coalesced phase may be impracticably long. In that case, if there is only a small quantity of suspended liquid, the filter tube can be used until saturated with the suspended liquid and then changed. Another practical problem with liquid-liquid separations is that small quantities of impurities can act as surface-active agents and interfere with the coalescing action. For that reason it is not possible to predict accurately the performance of a liquid-liquid coalescing filter, and each system must be tested on-site. The general quidelines



for the system to start testing are to use Grade DX filter cartridges, and flow inside-to-outside at very low flow rates. If the suspended liquid is lighter than the continuous phase, the housing should be oriented so that the drain port is up. In general, Microfibre Filter Cartridges should be used for liquid-liquid coalescing in slipstream sampling applications only.

MEMBRANE SEPARATION OF SAMPLE STREAMS

A Coalescer Membrane Combination Filter is designed to remove entrained liquid and particulate in gas samples for a wide variety of applications, and to prevent contamination or damage to the analysers and sample system components. Microscopic pores contained within the membrane permit molecules of gas or vapour to flow through easily, allowing the composition of the sample gas to remain unchanged. However, even the smallest liquid molecules remain trapped and are unable to flow through the membrane's small passages under normal operating conditions. This is due to the high surface tension which causes liquid molecules to bind tightly together to form a group of molecules, moving together, which is too large to fit through the pores of the membrane. The membrane is extremely inert, and is recommended for most process liquid applications, with the exception of hydrofluoric acid. It is also recommended for use in systems designed for PPB, PPM, and "percent level" component concentrations, as a result of its very low absorption characteristics. The membrane is strong and durable, but also very soft and pliable. Typically located upstream from the analyser or component it is protecting, the Coalescer Membrane Combination provides protection even if other sample system components fail.

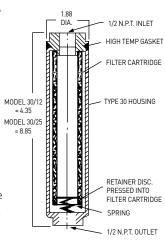
REMOVING GAS BUBBLES FROM LIQUIDS

Microfibre Filter Cartridges readily remove suspended gas bubbles from liquid, eliminating the need for deaeration tanks, baffles, or other separation devices. Flow direction through the filter is outside-to-inside. The separated gas bubbles rise to the top of the housing and are vented through the drain port. If slipstream sampling is used, the separated bubbles are swept out of the housing with the by-passed liquid. Grade DX or Grade DQ is a good choice for gas bubble separation.

QUANTITATIVE MEASUREMENT OF SOLIDS IN GAS

Quantitative determination of solids in gas, often a requirement in stack gas or other exhaust gas sampling, is readily accomplished using a Balston Model 30 filter housing. In the Model 30 housing, the filter cartridge is sealed in place by a stainless steel spring acting on a lightweight stainless retainer disc. The retainer disc is pressed firmly into the end of the filter cartridge. When the housing is disassembled, the filter cartridge and retainer disc may be easily removed as a unit. At the beginning of the run, a tare weight is obtained on the filter cartridge-retainer disc assembly. When the filter is in service, flow through the filter cartridge is inside-to-outside so that even large solid particles which fall off the filter cartridge are held in the cartridge-disc assembly.

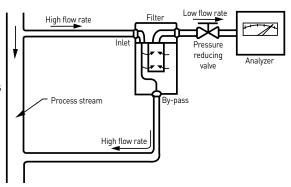
At the conclusion of the run with a known volume of gas, the cartridge-disc assembly is reweighed, and the increase in weight can be expressed as solids concentration in the gas. Grade DH Filter Cartridges are recommended for high temperature sampling up to 482°C (900°F). If the sampling or oven-drying temperatures do not exceed 149°C (300°F), Grade DQ may be used.



SLIPSTREAM OR BY-PASS SAMPLING

Instrument sample use rates are invariably quite low, yet it is essential to minimise lag time in the sample system. Since analysers often are located some distance from the sampling point, samples are usually transported to the analyser at a relatively high flow rate to minimise lag time. The sample is divided at the analyser, with the analyser using the portion it requires (usually a very small fraction of the total sample), and the balance recycled to the process, or vented. If the sample filter is located in the low flow line to the analyser, it will have good life between filter element changes because the solids loading rate is very low; however, the filter must be carefully selected to avoid introducing unacceptable lag time. If the filter is located in the high flow portion of the sample system, its effect on sample lag time can be relatively low, but the life between filter changes may be inconveniently short because the element is filtering a much greater volume of material than the analyser is using.

Ideally, a filter should be located at the point where the low flow stream is withdrawn to the analyser. This arrangement permits the main volume of the filter to be swept continuously by the high flow rate stream, thus minimising lag time; at the same time, only the low flow stream to the analyser is filtered, thus maximising filter life. A slipstream filter requires inlet and outlet ports at opposite ends of the filter element to allow the high flow rate of the by-passed material to sweep the surface of the filter element and the filter reservoir, and a third port connected to the low flow rate line to the analyser, which allows filtered samples to be withdrawn from the filter reservoir. The Model 95 housings, 31GCFL, 41GCFL, 48S6, 49S6, DFU 8822-11, and DFU 8833-11 are ideal designs

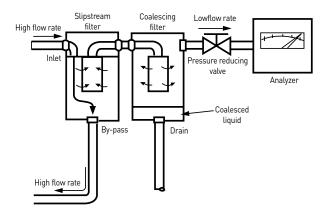


for slipstream sampling, since the inlet and the by-pass ports are located at opposite ends of the housing, and the by-pass port is as large as the inlet port. Larger housings, such as the Model 33S6, Model 45S6, and Model 27/35, can also be used for slipstream sampling, but the relatively small size of the drain port may limit the slipstream rate in some applications. If bubble removal from a liquid is a requirement, this function may be combined with slipstream filtration since the recommended flow direction for bubble removal is outside-to-inside, and the separated bubbles will be swept out of the housing by the by-pass stream. In this case, the liquid feed should enter at the bottom of the housing and the by-pass liquid exit at the top of the housing.

SLIPSTREAM SAMPLING PLUS COALESCING FILTRATION

A special problem arises in slipstream sampling if the filter is to coalesce and continuously drain suspended liquid from a gas stream or to coalesce liquid droplets from a liquid stream. As noted earlier, the coalesced liquid is removed in the form

of large drops from the downstream side of the filter. Therefore, the coalescing filter requires two outlet ports, one for the dry gas and one for the liquid drain. To combine coalescing and slipstream filtration, a filter housing would need four ports - two for inlet and by-pass and two for filtered gas and coalesced liquid - which is not a practical design. Therefore, slipstreaming plus coalescing requires two stages of filtration. The second (coalescing) stage must be located in the sample line to the analyser, and should be as small as possible to minimise lag time. If the quantity of suspended liquid is not large, an in-line Disposable Filter Unit (9933-05 or 9922-05) may be considered as a trap for the suspended liquid, to be replaced when saturated



QUANTITATIVE MEASUREMENT OF LIQUIDS IN GAS

Quantitative determination of non-volatile liquids suspended in a gas may be accomplished by a procedure similar to the solids determination. In the case of liquids, the test is designed so that all the liquid entering the filter cartridge during the test period remains trapped on the fibres; i.e., the sample period is short enough that the filter cartridge does not become saturated and begin to drain liquid. Any convenient filter housing may be used. The filter cartridge should be Grade BQ, to assure quantitative retention of aerosols, no matter what droplet size. With a known gas flow rate and test duration, the increase in weight of the filter cartridge will be a measure of the weight concentration of aerosol in the gas. Considerable care must be taken to obtain a representative sample of aerosol in gas. If sampling from a large line, the sample probe should enter the pipe from above and if possible, extend into the pipe to avoid picking up liquid clinging to the wall of the pipe. There should be no valves, reducers, or sharp elbows in the sample line upstream from the filter.

ACID PLANT STACK GAS

A frequently encountered sampling requirement is to analyse the gas composition in the exhaust from absorbers or scrubbers in acid manufacturing plants. The exhaust gas invariably contains droplets of dilute acid, which must be removed from the sample before it enters the analyser. The recommendations are similar to those for natural gas sample filtration: Grade DQ or DX filter tube, inside-to-outside flow, and two stages of filtration if slipstream sampling is required. Depending upon the composition of the suspended liquid, housings may be stainless steel, Teflon (Model 95T), Monel (Model 95M), or PVDF (DFU 8822-11).

SAMPLING AMBIENT AIR OR OTHER ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE GAS

The filtration requirement for ambient air samplers is usually to remove solid particles or liquid droplets which could deposit on analyser optical surfaces or cause other calibration problems. Grade DX or DQ filter cartridges are recommended. For low flow rate personal samplers, the compact and lightweight DFU 9933-05-DQ is often used. For higher flow rates, the Model 90 filter holder with Grade DX or DQ filters is recommended. Ambient air sampling systems are often under negative pressure, induced by the sampling pump. If it is necessary to drain coalesced liquid from the system, the external reservoir is often the most convenient method.

SAMPLING WATER

Most water analysers are well protected against the damage or calibration drift caused by solid contamination if a 10 micron (LP Grade 30) filter cartridge is used. If long filter life is desired in a system with high solids loading (including most tap water, well water, and cooling water), a two stage LP cartridge system is recommended: LP Grade 10 followed by LP Grade 30.

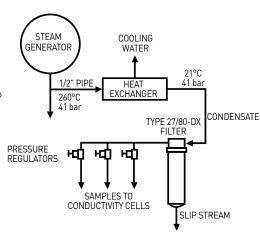
SAMPLING LIQUID EFFLUENT STREAMS

Liquid effluent analysers usually deal with aqueous streams having a high solids content. In addition, the analysers are often located in remote areas of the plant and are infrequently serviced. Therefore, the sample filter system must have long life between filter cartridge changes, even in a high solids situation. The general recommendation for this requirement is a two stage filter system, LP Grade 10 filter cartridge followed by LP Grade 30 filter cartridge. The filters should be oversized as much as possible without causing excessive lag time. Plastic filter housings are usually a good choice.

Measurements of steam and condensate conductivity, specific ion concentrations, and feedwater additive concentrations are often required in high-pressure boiler systems. In a continuous sampling system, the high pressure steam or condensate is cooled to below 38°C (100°F) and then the pressure is reduced to near atmospheric pressure for metering to the analysers. Filtration is required upstream from the pressure reducing valves, to prevent pitting of the valve seats by suspended particles and to eliminate variations in flow rate to the analysers. A stainless steel filter housing with the appropriate pressure rating and Grade DX or DQ filter cartridge is recommended. Since the analyser system is often located some distance from the sampling point, slipstream filtration is usually required.

ON-LINE PROCESS ANALYSERS

The variety of filtration requirements for on-line process analysers precludes making general recommendations above for the required filtration functions. The filter housings most frequently used for process analyser applications are the Model 95S6 and Model 91S6, which provide the corrosion resistance of Model 316 stainless steel (complies with NACE specification MR-01-75), a pressure rating of 345 barg (5000 psig), have full slipstream sampling capability, and minimum internal volume.

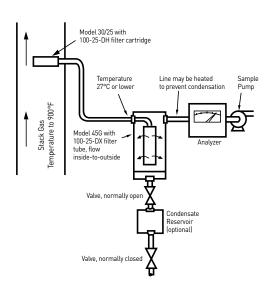


NATURAL GAS ANALYSERS

To protect gas composition analysers from liquids and solids, Grade DX or DQ filter tubes are recommended, with inside-out flow direction. If both slipstream sampling and coalescing are required, a two stage system must be used, as described on page 48. The Model 85 (345 barg (5000 psig) rating) and Model 37 (276 barg (4000 psig) rating) housings comply with NACE specification MR-01-75. For lower pressure applications, any stainless steel housing of appropriate flow capacity may be used.

STACK GAS SAMPLING

The Model 30 housing with Grade DH filter cartridge is used for quantitative determination of solids in stack gas, as described on page 34. The Model 30 may also be used as a beginning-of-the-line filter at stack gas temperature (up to 538°C (1,000°F)), to prevent solids from entering the gas sample line. Grade DH is used for this purpose. After the sample is cooled, a coalescing filter with Grade DX tube is used to remove suspended liquids before the sample goes to the analyser. Flow direction is inside-to-outside. Model 33G or 45G housings are often used in this application to permit a visual check on the liquid level in the filter housing. Since there often is a considerable amount of liquid present at this point, positive steps must be taken to drain the housing to ensure that liquid does not build up and carry downstream to the analyser. The coalescing filter should be located as close to the analyser as possible to minimise the chance of condensation between the filter and the analyser. Additional precautions which can be taken to avoid downstream condensation are to cool the sample below ambient temperature upstream from the coalescing filter, and to heat the line.



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